



Rubellite Energy Corp.

Corporate Overview

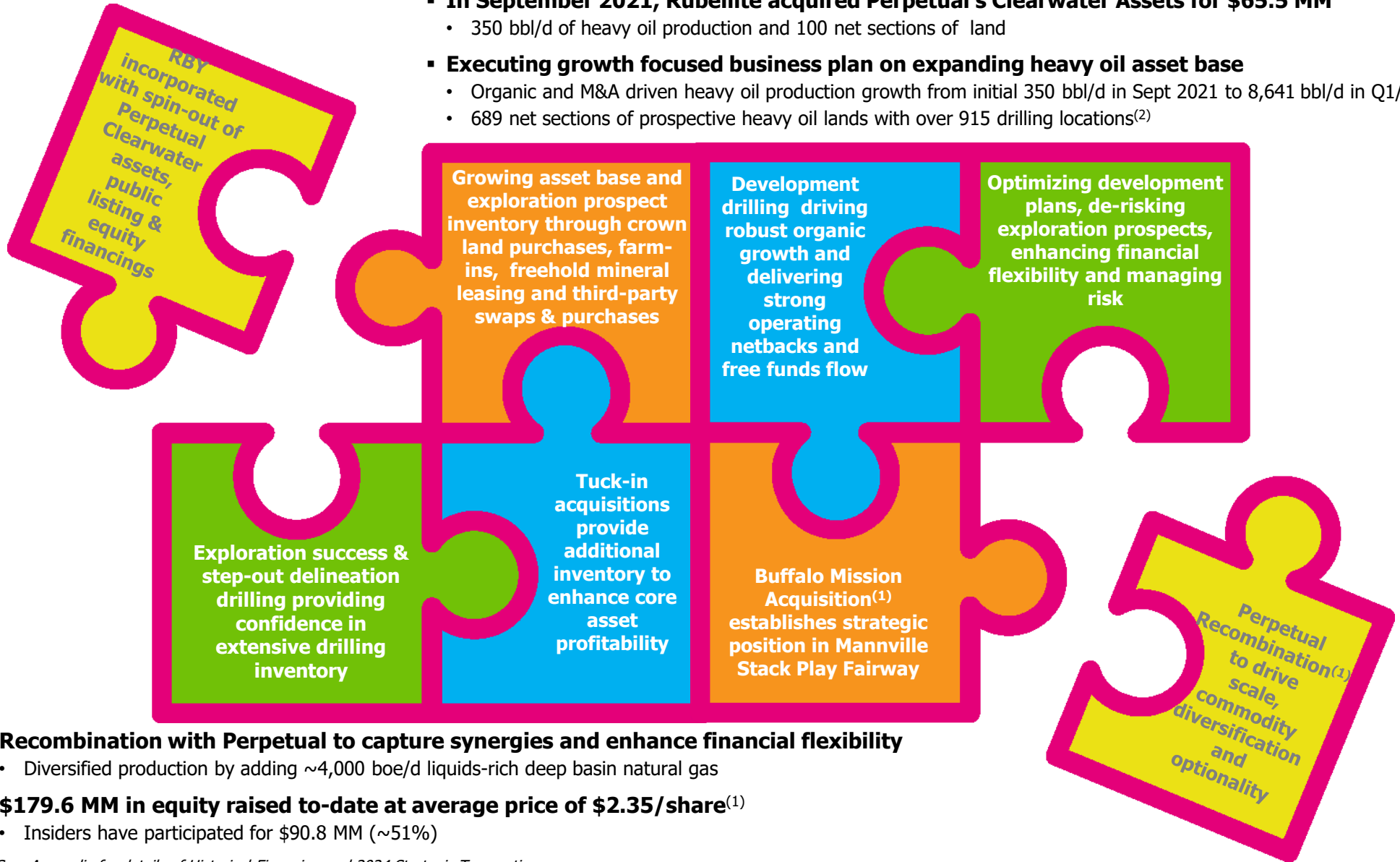
May 11, 2026

Corporate History



Incorporated in July 2021 as pure play Clearwater multi-lat focused junior E&P

- **In September 2021, Rubellite acquired Perpetual’s Clearwater Assets for \$65.5 MM**
 - 350 bbl/d of heavy oil production and 100 net sections of land
- **Executing growth focused business plan on expanding heavy oil asset base**
 - Organic and M&A driven heavy oil production growth from initial 350 bbl/d in Sept 2021 to 8,641 bbl/d in Q1/26
 - 689 net sections of prospective heavy oil lands with over 915 drilling locations⁽²⁾



- **Recombination with Perpetual to capture synergies and enhance financial flexibility**
 - Diversified production by adding ~4,000 boe/d liquids-rich deep basin natural gas
- **\$179.6 MM in equity raised to-date at average price of \$2.35/share⁽¹⁾**
 - Insiders have participated for \$90.8 MM (~51%)

1. See Appendix for details of Historical Financing and 2024 Strategic Transactions
 2. See "Drilling Locations" in Advisories

Corporate Profile

Fully funded growth-focused heavy oil multi-lat E&P Company **TSX:RBY**



Investment Highlights

Large scale, focused asset base in the South Clearwater and Mannville Stack fairways

- Rank as amongst the top conventional plays in the WCSB on half-cycle returns

Fully funded, double-digit growth supported by strong netbacks and quick payouts

- Q1 2026 sales production of 13,843 boe/d (66% oil & liquids – 8,641 bbl/d heavy oil)

Significant captured and derisked heavy oil drilling inventory to support growth plans

- 475 net booked and unbooked heavy oil development drilling locations⁽⁷⁾ in core properties
- Inventory to organically grow heavy oil production by 10% to 15% per year through 2030

Extensive exploration prospect pipeline to de-risk & grow NAV

- > 300 'new play exploration' locations and >140 'new zone appraisal' drilling locations captured
- Heavy oil exploration and appraisal locations are contingent on evaluation success

Enhanced Oil Recovery ("EOR") potential on multiple base assets with large OOIP

Strategic exposure to high quality natural gas asset in the Deep Basin

Track record of acquisitions to expand growth opportunities and scale

Strong management alignment to drive returns with significant insider ownership

Capitalization

TSX	RBY
Shares Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	93.8 MM
Market Capitalization ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$320.9 MM
Bank Debt ⁽¹⁾	\$107.8 MM
Term Loan ⁽³⁾	\$20.0 MM
Adjusted Working Capital Deficit ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$20.1 MM
Net Debt ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$148.0 MM
Enterprise Value ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$468.9 MM
Insider Ownership	~45.3%

1. At March 31, 2026

2. Based on \$3.42 share price as at May 6, 2026

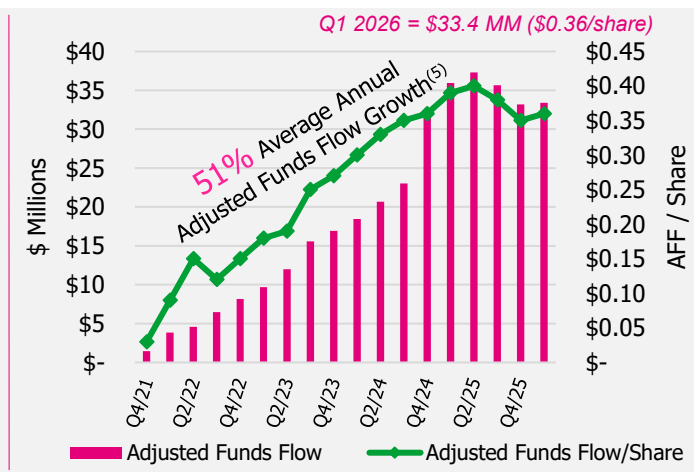
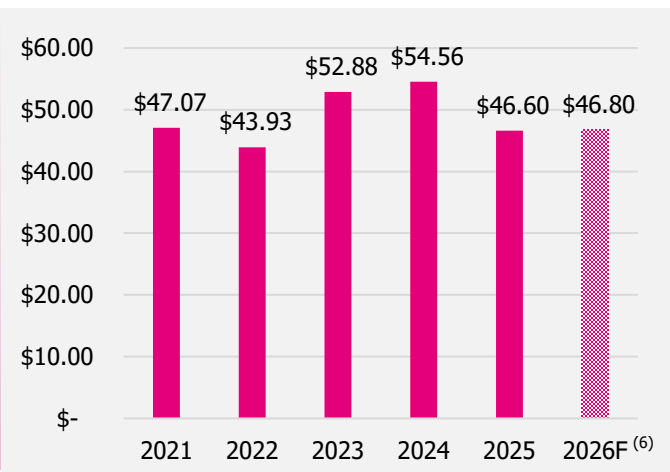
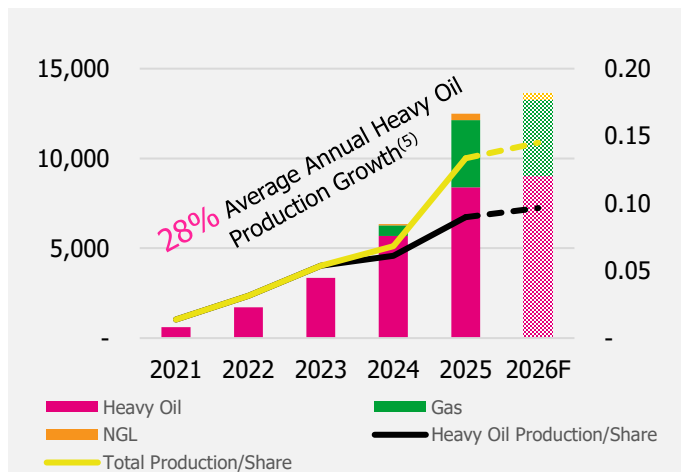
3. Principal amount; Third lien security; 11.5% coupon, matures Aug 2029

4. See Non-GAAP measures in Advisories

Production Growth⁽⁴⁾ (boe/d)

Heavy Oil CGU Operating Netback⁽⁴⁾ (\$/boe)

Adjusted Funds Flow⁽⁴⁾



5. Average Annual Growth is calculated as the average growth rate of the prior four quarters over the four quarters preceding it

6. Forecast based on May 11, 2026 guidance and forward strip prices as at May 6, 2026; Includes conserved natural gas sales volumes for heavy oil assets

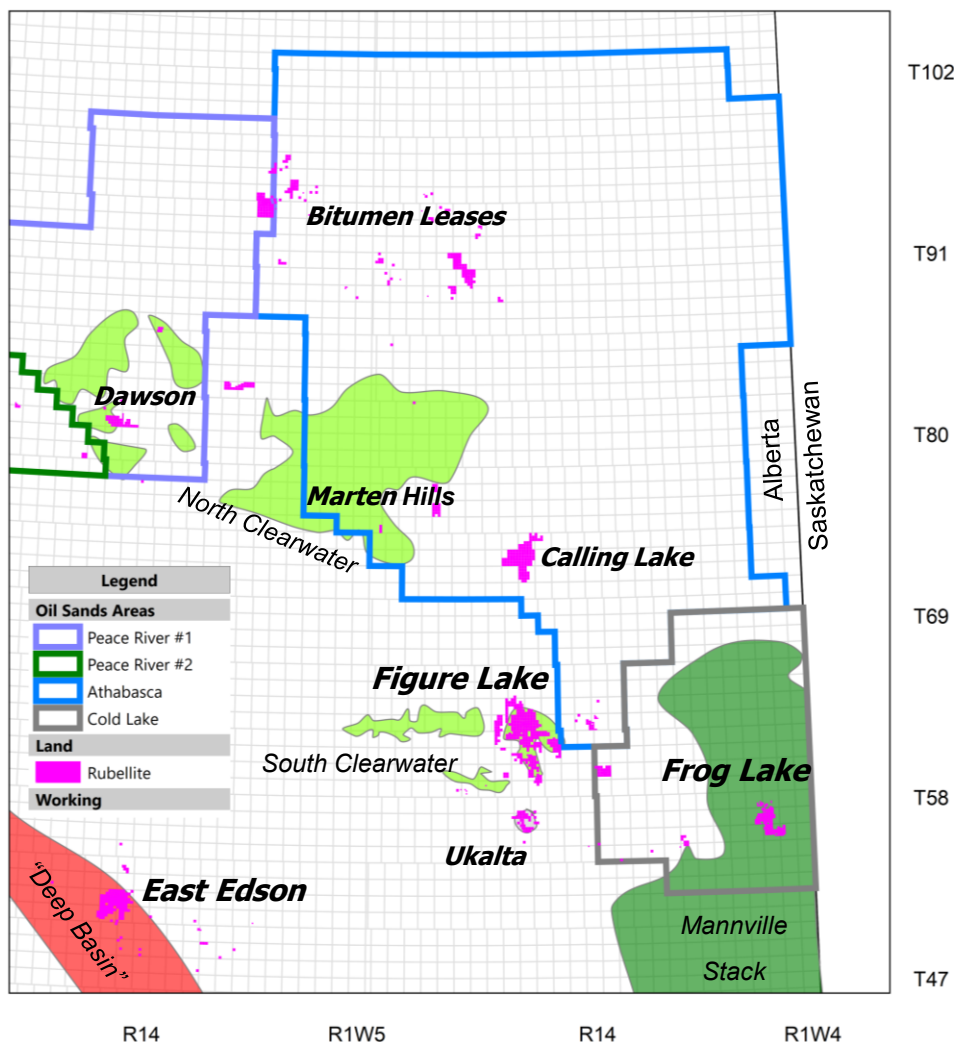
7. Of the 475 net heavy oil development drilling locations, 155.2 net locations (101.6 net proved and 53.6 net probable locations) are booked in the McDaniel Reserve Report at Year End 2025

Rubellite Asset Profile

Heavy oil production of 8,641 bbl/d & total production of 13,843 boe/d



Asset Map



Asset Summary

Area	Land (net acres) ⁽¹⁾	Well Count (net producing)	Production Q1 2026 (boe/d)
Figure Lake	157,972	116.0	6,084 ⁽²⁾
Frog Lake	21,816	55.0	3,032
Ukalta	22,855	24.0	297
Marten Hills	576	3.3	186
Multi-Lat Exploration	238,712	1.5	30
Heavy Oil CGU Total	441,931	199.8	9,629
East Edson	28,791	47.8	4,214 ⁽³⁾
Other Exploration	78,425	-	-
Bitumen	72,960	-	-
Total	622,106	247.6	13,843

Q1 2026 Production: 13,843 boe/d

Heavy Oil CGU:

- **Figure Lake** – Development and Step-out delineation; Piloting enhanced recovery waterfloods, polymer flood, and gas injection schemes; Following-up Sparky exploration success
- **Frog Lake** – Continuous Development in Waseca Sand and GP zones
- **Ukalta** – Advancing waterflood pilots
- **Marten Hills** – Developed on primary; Advancing “bottoms up” waterflood
- **Heavy Oil Exploration** – Other prospects in various stages of land capture & assessment

West Central CGU

- **East Edson** – Participating to drill to maintain average production & optimize value

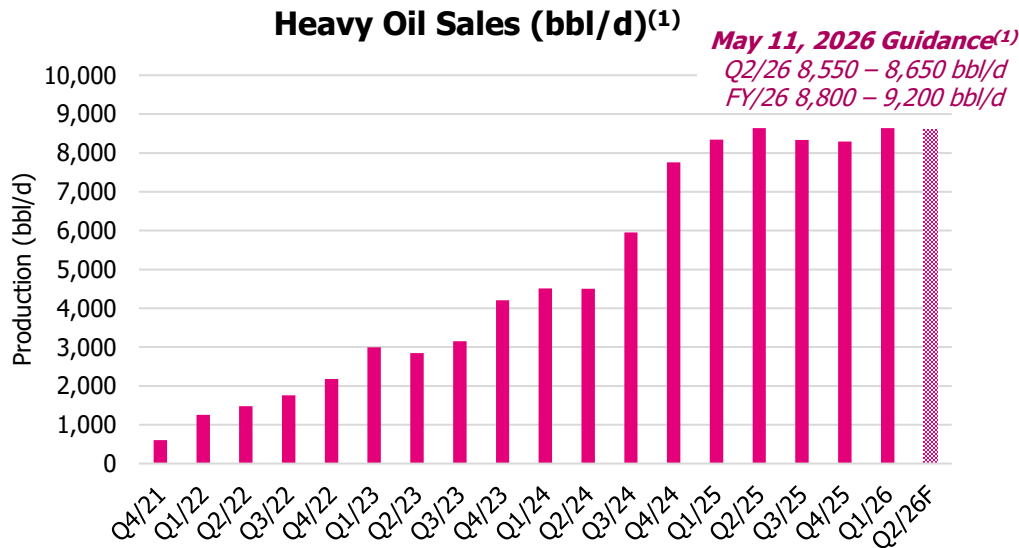
1. Includes farm-in exploratory lands at after payout working interest; Frog Lake JED Agreement lands at 50% working interest

2. Q1 2026 sales at Figure Lake comprised of 5,097 bbl/d heavy oil, 5.8 MMcf/d natural gas & 22 bbl/d NGL

3. Q1 2026 sales at East Edson production comprised of 22.7 MMcf/d natural gas & 433 bbl/d NGL

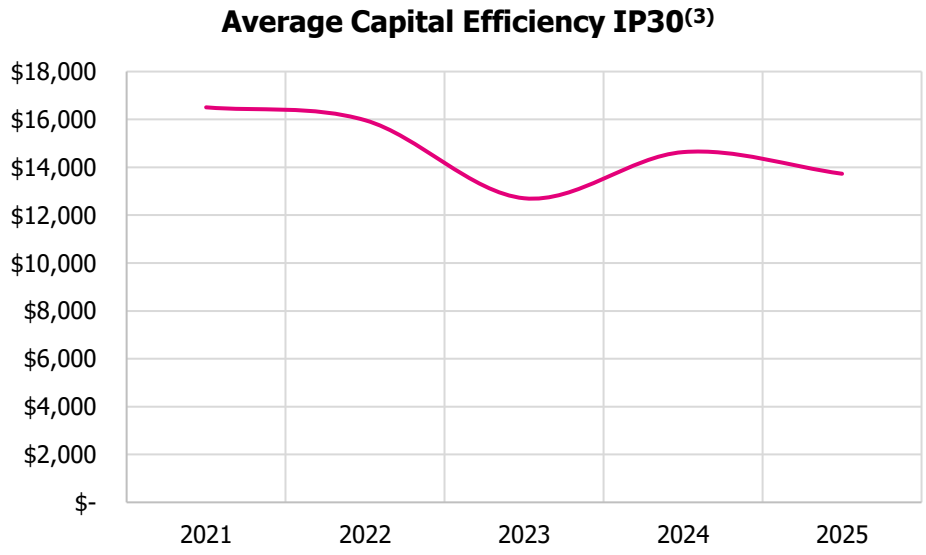
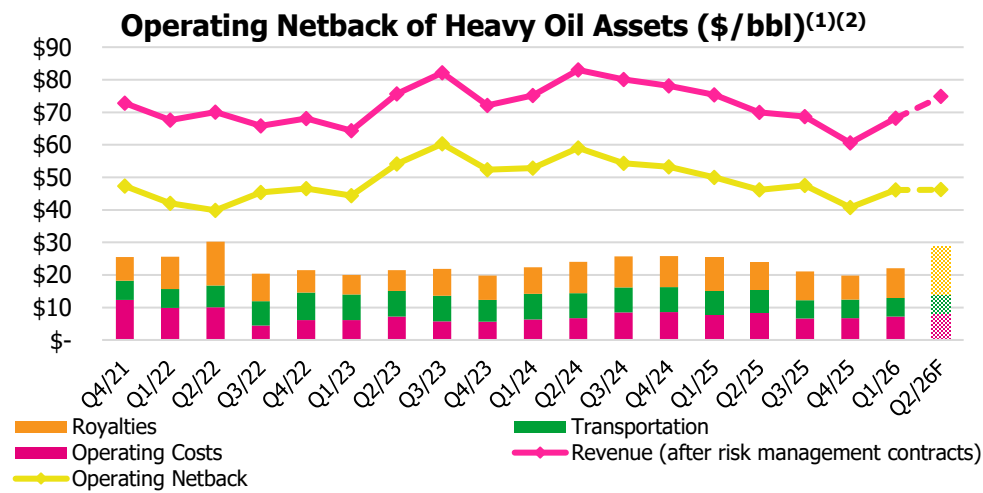
Heavy Oil Asset Performance

Strong operational momentum in Clearwater and Mannville Stack heavy oil asset base



Key Operational Metrics

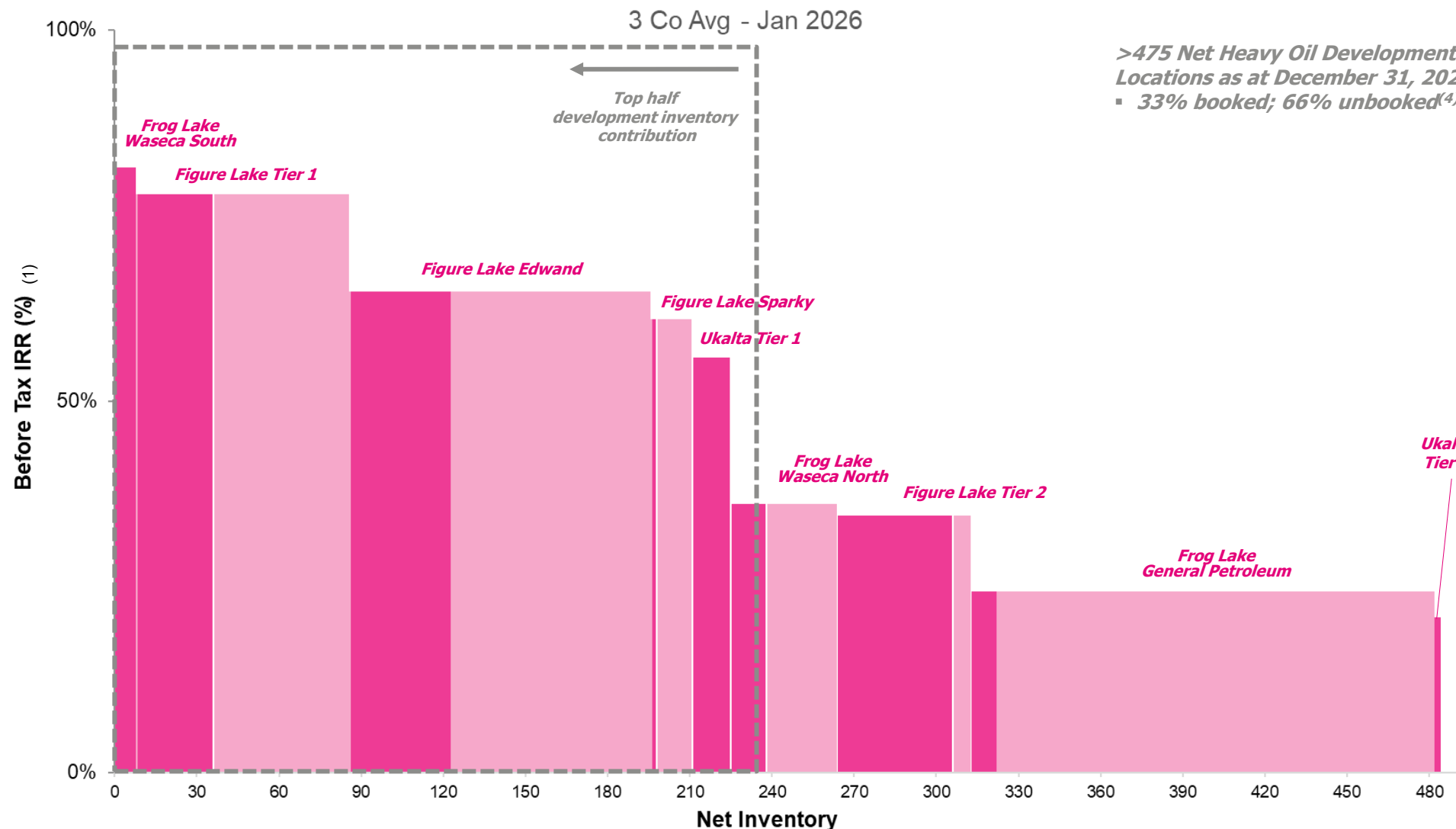
- >1,843** Lateral legs drilled
- 15,000m** Average open hole per well
- >190** Gross Multi-lats drilled to date
- 19,838m** Highest open hole meters in single well drilled to date
- >2,119,000m** Total horizontal open hole length drilled to date



1. Forecast sales production and operating netbacks as per May 11, 2026 guidance and forward strip prices as at May 6, 2026
 2. See Non-GAAP measures in Advisories
 3. Average capital efficiency is calculated as total D,C,E&T capital for a well divided by IP30 in \$/flowing bbl/d

Heavy Oil Development Inventory YE 2025

>475 booked and unbooked development heavy oil drilling inventory⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ in core properties



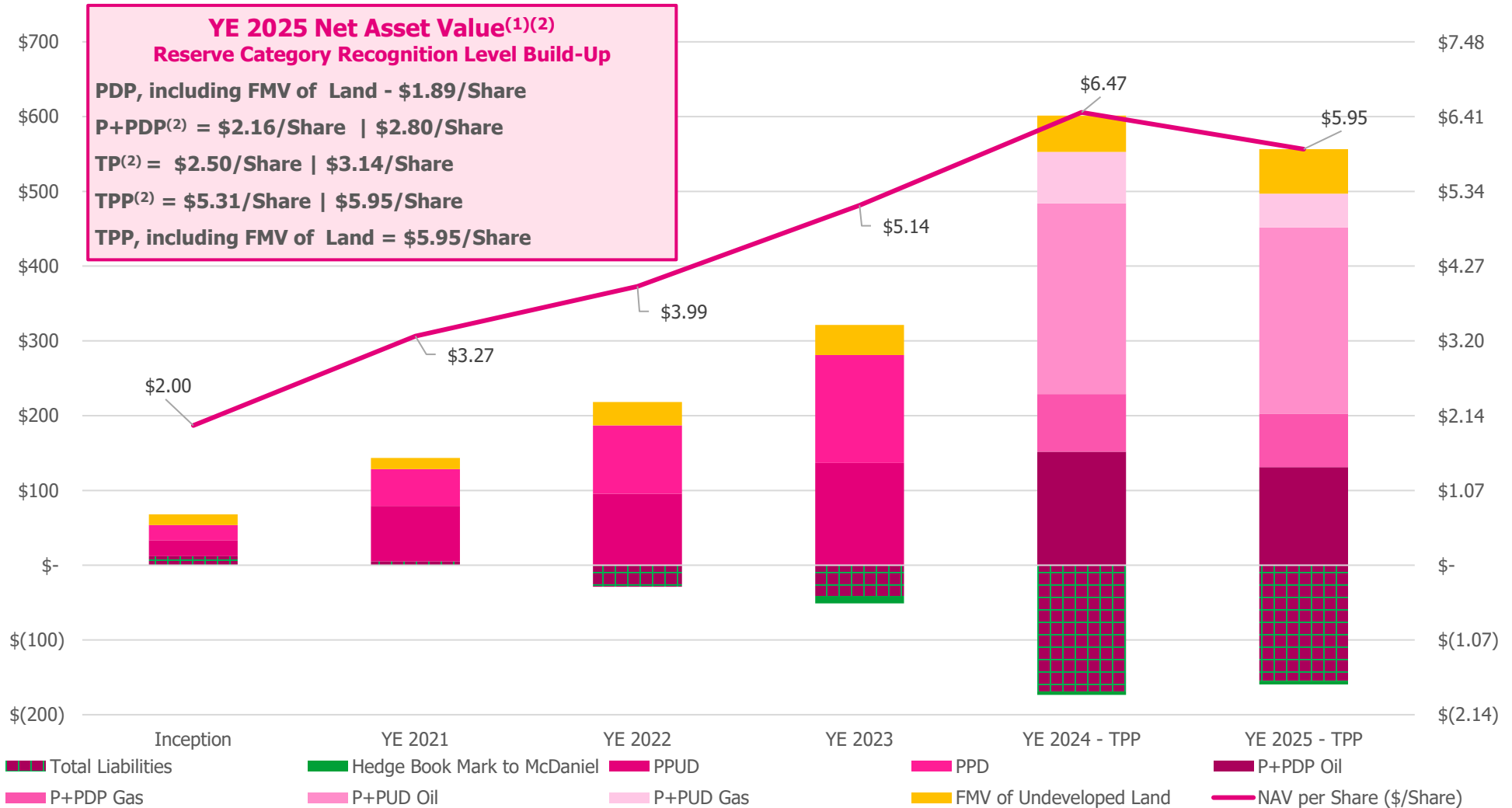
1. Before Tax IRR as per Rubellite Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report Type Wells and Economic Inputs, evaluated at YE 2025 3 Consultant Average (3 CA) price; See Advisories for "Commodity Price Assumptions"
2. Booked inventory for Rubellite in darker colour; Unbooked inventory in lighter colour; There are 101.6 net proved and 53.6 net probable locations in the McDaniel Reserve Report at year end 2025
3. Total Proved Plus Probable Undeveloped (P+PUD) location count, reserve and economic parameters as per Rubellite Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report; Tier 1 and Tier 2 Figure Lake Type Curve Net Inventory includes both solution gas conservation and no gas conservation type curves, shown at the lower IRR (no gas conservation)
4. Net unbooked development inventory locations based on internal estimates and assume participation elections by FLERC at 50% working interest; See "Drilling Locations" in Advisories

Net Asset Value ("NAV")



Year End 2025 Price Deck Decline of ~23% Offset Operational Gains in Reserve-based NAV

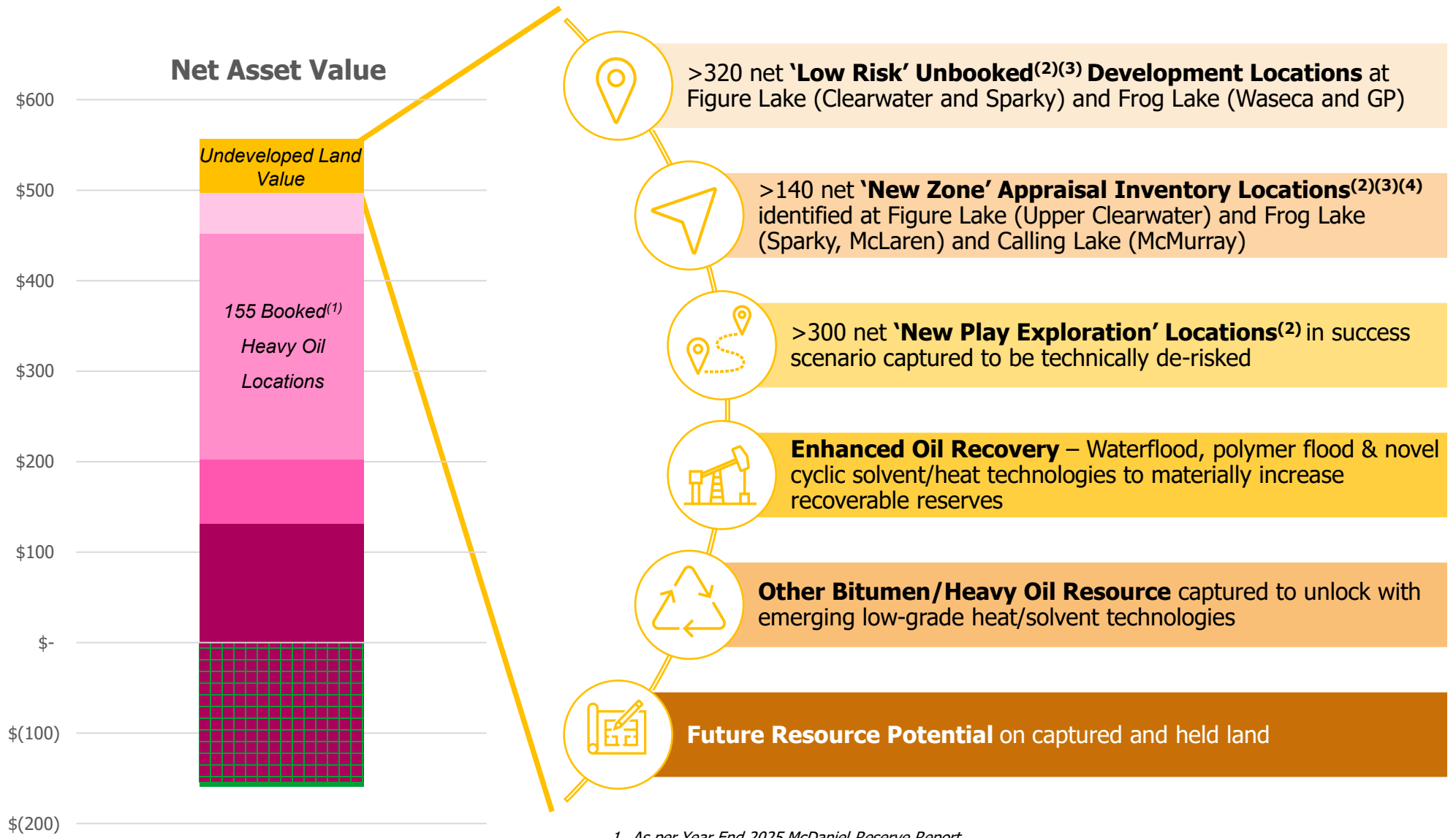
Net Asset Value (discounted at 10%)



1. Based on Proved Developed Producing (PDP), Proved (PUD) and Proved Plus Probable (TPP) reserves BTAX values as per Year End McDaniel Reserve Report based on Consultant Average Price Forecast for respective years; Year end total liabilities; Fair market value ("FMV") of acreage not assigned reserves as per respective year end Seaton-Jordan undeveloped land reports
 2. NAV/Share presented as Excluding | Including the FMV of acreage not assigned reserves at YE 2025 of \$59.6 MM (\$0.64/Share)

Converting FMV of Undeveloped Land to Reserve-based NAV

Investing to Convert >760 Unbooked Locations & EOR Potential to Production, Reserves & Funds Flow to Grow NAV



YE 2025 - TPP

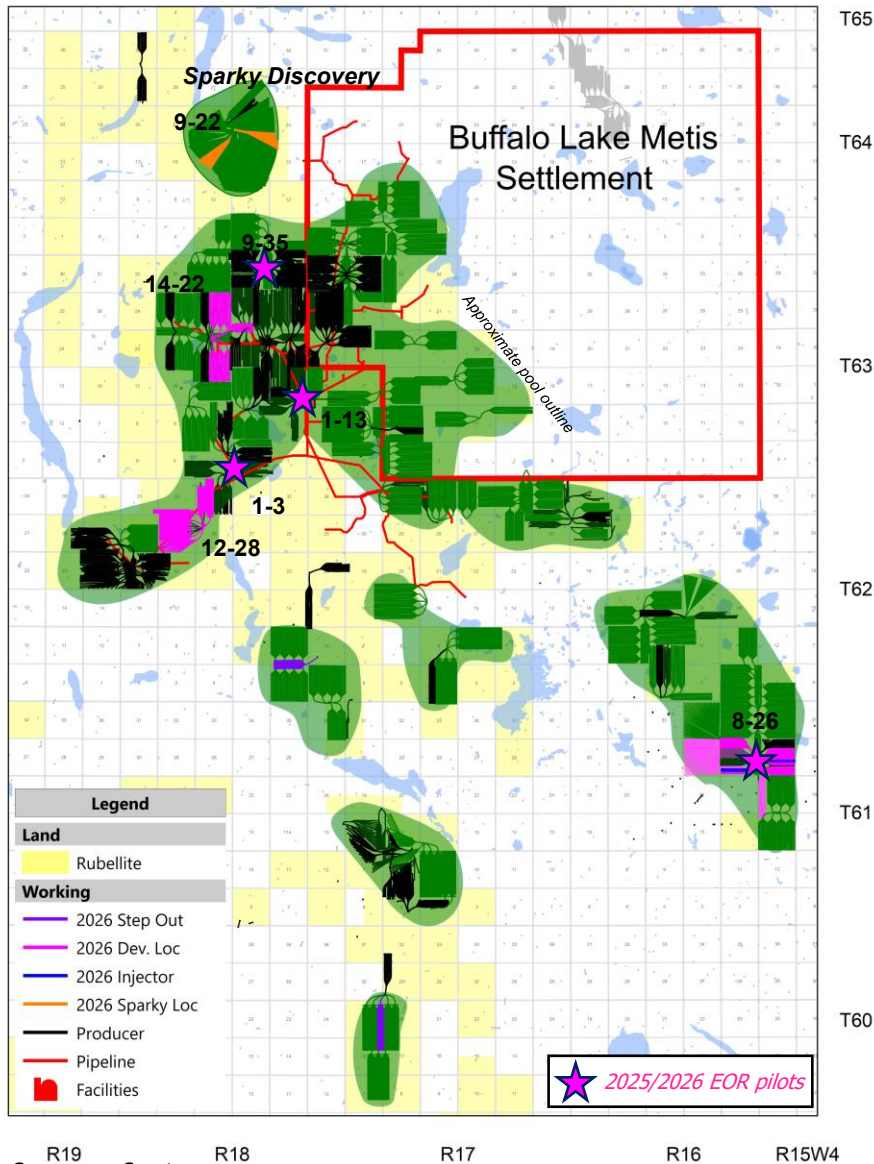
1. As per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report
2. Locations estimated by Management at May 11, 2026 that are not included in Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report
3. Location count subject to change with inter-well spacing and well design
4. Includes locations targeting secondary zones in core producing properties that are still exploratory in nature

Rubellite Asset Profile | Figure Lake

Clearwater and Sparky Development



Asset Map



Asset Summary

Working Interest: 100%

Q1 2026 Production: 6,102 boe/d (84% oil and liquids)

- 4,875 bbl/d 100% heavy oil; 5.6 MMcf/d natural gas; 18 bbl/d NGL
- 115.0 net multi-laterals on sales production

Drilling Inventory:

- Clearwater Locations:** 237.7 net inventory (as at Jan 1, 2026) (56% unbooked)
 - 44% booked in 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report (107.7 net locations)
 - 69.1 net proven undeveloped and 38.6 net probable undeveloped booked⁽²⁾ Primary Zone HZ Development locations (Wabiskaw Member)
 - 130.0 net additional unbooked Clearwater drilling locations⁽³⁾ on existing lands
 - >13 years of development for one-rig program at 18 wells/year
- Sparky Locations:** 15.0 net inventory (as at Jan 1, 2026) (87% unbooked)
 - 2.0 net proved undeveloped locations booked⁽²⁾

2025 Activity

Clearwater Development: 20 (20.0 net) wells

- 14.0 Development Wells - Actual IP30: 205 bbl/d (15 wells); IP60 192 bbl/d (14 wells)⁽¹⁾
- 3.0 net Step-Out / Delineation Wells – 50m inter-leg spacing well design
- 1.0 net 8 leg waterflood producing well and 1.0 net injection well
- 1.0 net Sparky exploration well – IP30 286 bbl/d

Gas Conservation Project:

- Constructed 4 MMcf/d gas plant & gathering system; On-stream Jan 23, 2025
- Expanded to 6.4 MMcf/d in H2 2025 to accommodate growth

2026 Activity

Clearwater Development: 23-28 (23.0-28.0) net wells

- 21.0-26.0 Development Wells
- 2.0 Step Out Wells

Sparky Development: 2 (2.0 net) wells

- 2.0 Development wells

Enhanced Oil Recovery 2 injector/producer pairs : 4 (4.0 net) wells

- Primary Recovery ~5% of OOIP (estimated OOIP >1.1 Billion barrels⁽⁴⁾)
- Core, fluid compatibility analysis and competitor analog information informing pilots
- 4 Waterflood Pilots and 1 polymer flood pilot advancing in H1 2026
- Cyclic Gas Injection Pilot ongoing

- No wells excluded from calculation of average rates other than meeting minimum criteria of producing days
- Total P+PUD location count as per Rubellite Year-End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report
- Figure Lake internally-recognized additional development location inventory not recognized in McDaniel Report; See "Drilling Locations" in Advisories
- OOIP – Original Oil In Place based on internal estimates

Rubellite Asset Profile | Figure Lake Type Curves



33m down-space wells exceeding type curve⁽¹⁾ IP30 by 10%

Clearwater Development

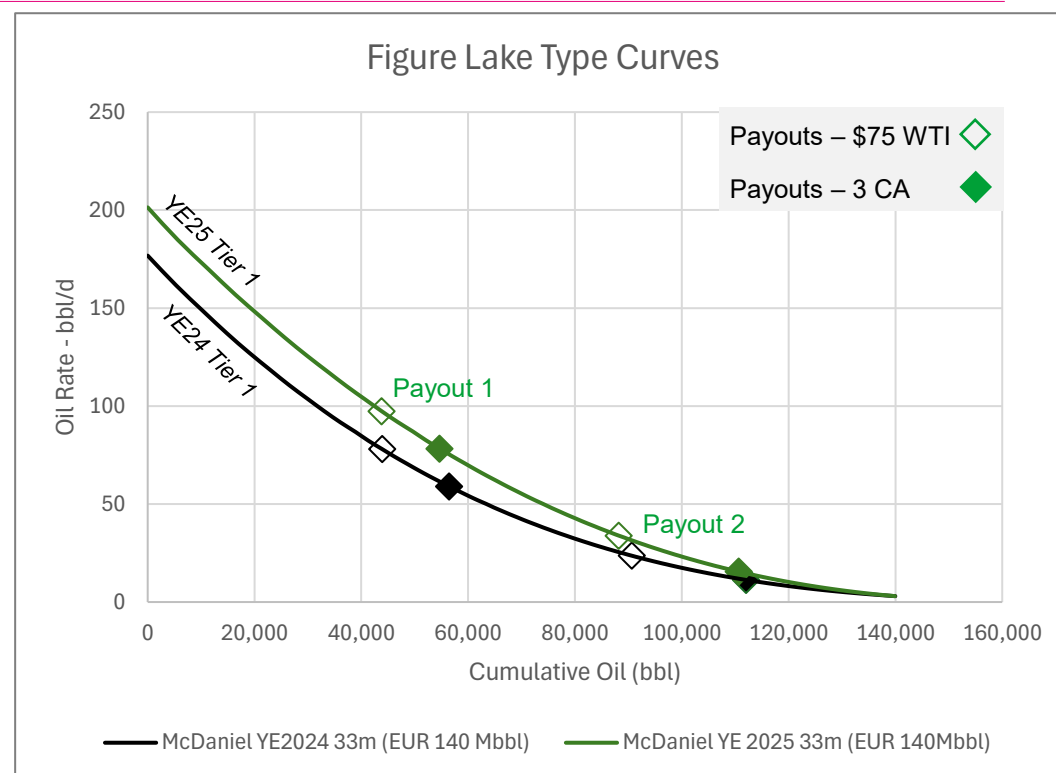
- Historical well design: ~50m inter-leg spacing
 - 8 open hole lateral legs with oil-based mud
 - ~10,000m MD of open hole
- Down-space well design: ~33m inter-leg spacing
 - 12 open hole lateral legs; >15,000m MD of open hole
 - Average IP30 222 bbl/d (23 wells) IP60 205 bbl/d (21 wells) to date⁽²⁾

Improvements to 33m inter-leg type curve from YE 2024:

- Increased Type Curve IP30 by 14% to 201 bbl/d (YE 2025 vs YE 2024)⁽¹⁾
- Increased NPV per Location by 16% to \$2.2 MM (YE 2025 vs YE 2024)⁽¹⁾
- Accelerates Payout by 21% from 1.6 to 1.3 years⁽¹⁾ on 3 Cons Avg pricing

Type Curve Sensitivities – Figure Lake⁽¹⁾

Assumptions	33m Inter-leg Spacing Tier 1	33m Inter-leg Spacing Tier 1
	McDaniel Type Curve (YE 2024) ⁽¹⁾	McDaniel Type Curve (YE 2025) ⁽¹⁾
Drainage Area (Ha)	50	50
Horizontal Length (m)	15,000	15,000
IP30/100m (bbl/d)	1.18	1.34
IP30 (bbl/d)	177	201
IP360 (bbl/d)	120	136
Estimated Ultimate Recovery TPP (Mbbbl)	140	140
Economics⁽¹⁾ (gross per well)	YE 2025 3 Cons Avg \$75 WTI	
D,C&E Capex (\$MM)	\$2.5	\$2.5
D,C&E Capex (\$/m)	\$165	\$165
TPP F+D (\$/bbl)	\$17.80 \$17.64	\$17.74 \$17.64
NPV10 (\$MM)	\$1.9 \$2.9	\$2.2 \$3.2
First Payout (months)	19 13	15 11
Second Payout (months)	92 49	68 36
# of Payouts	2.3 2.8	2.3 2.8
Rate of Return (%)	57 108	78 150



1. Total Proved Plus Probable Undeveloped (P+PUD) reserve and economic parameters as per Year-End 2024 and 2025 McDaniel Reserve Reports – Figure Lake Type Curve run on YE 2025 3 Consultant Average (3 CA) price deck \$75 WTI Flat Price Deck (\$82.96 WCS CAD); Improvement percentages reflected on YE 2025 3 CA price deck
 2. No wells excluded from count except for producing day criteria for wells drilled with 33m inter-leg spacing

Clearwater Enhanced Oil Recovery Pilots

Advancing Multiple Waterflood Pilots and Other EOR Experiments through 2026

Marten Hills Bottom Up Waterflood

12-34 Pad Waterflood Pilot

Multi-lat Injector placed below Multi-lat Producer
Injection commenced May 2025

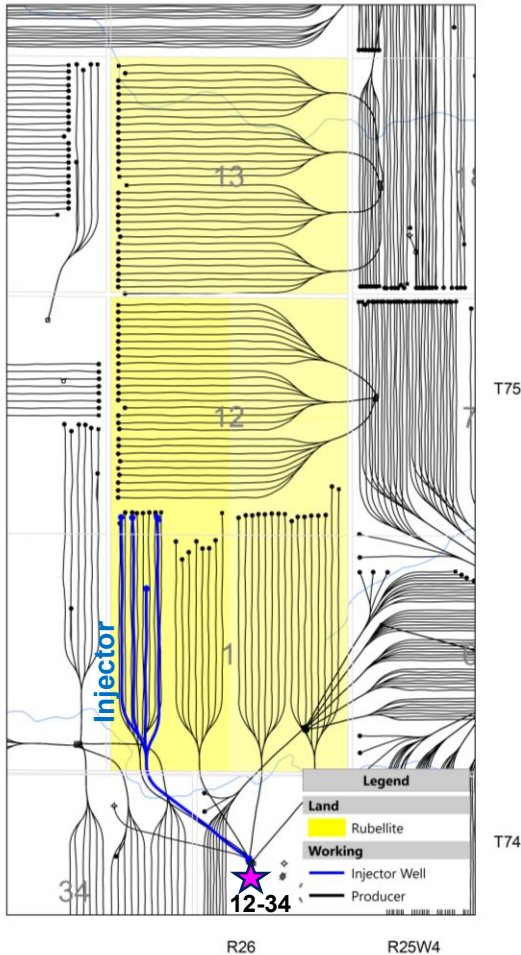
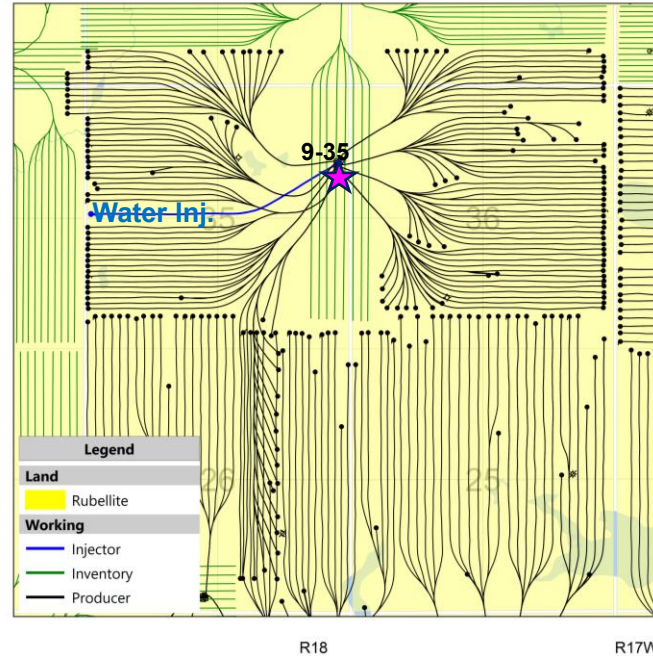


Figure Lake Line Drive Waterflood and Polymer Flood

9-35 Pad Waterflood Pilot

Single Leg water Injector placed in middle of 8-leg Multi-lat Producer
Injection commenced March 2026



8-26 Pad Waterflood & Polymer Pilots

Single Leg Injectors placed in middle of 8-leg Multi-lat Producers
Water injection Q2/26; Polymer Injection Q4/26

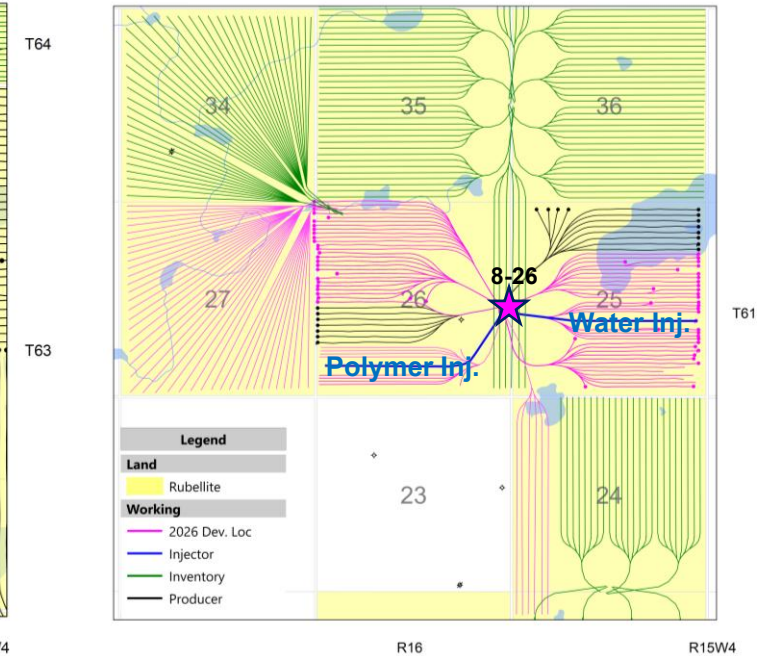


Figure Lake Multi-lat Conversion Waterflood

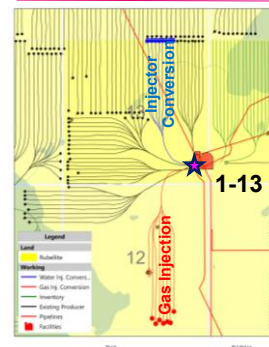


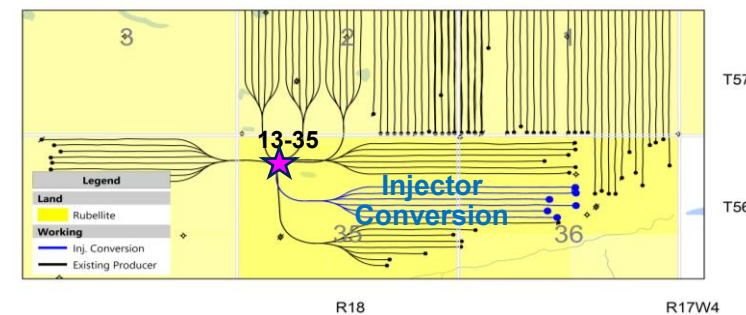
Figure Lake 1-3 & 1-13 Pads

2 existing Multi-lats to be converted from Producer to Injector
Injection to commence Q2/26
Cyclic Gas Injection ongoing

Ukalta 13-35 Pad

1 existing Multi-lats to be converted from Producer to Injector
Injection to commence Q2/26

Ukalta Multi-lat Conversion Waterflood

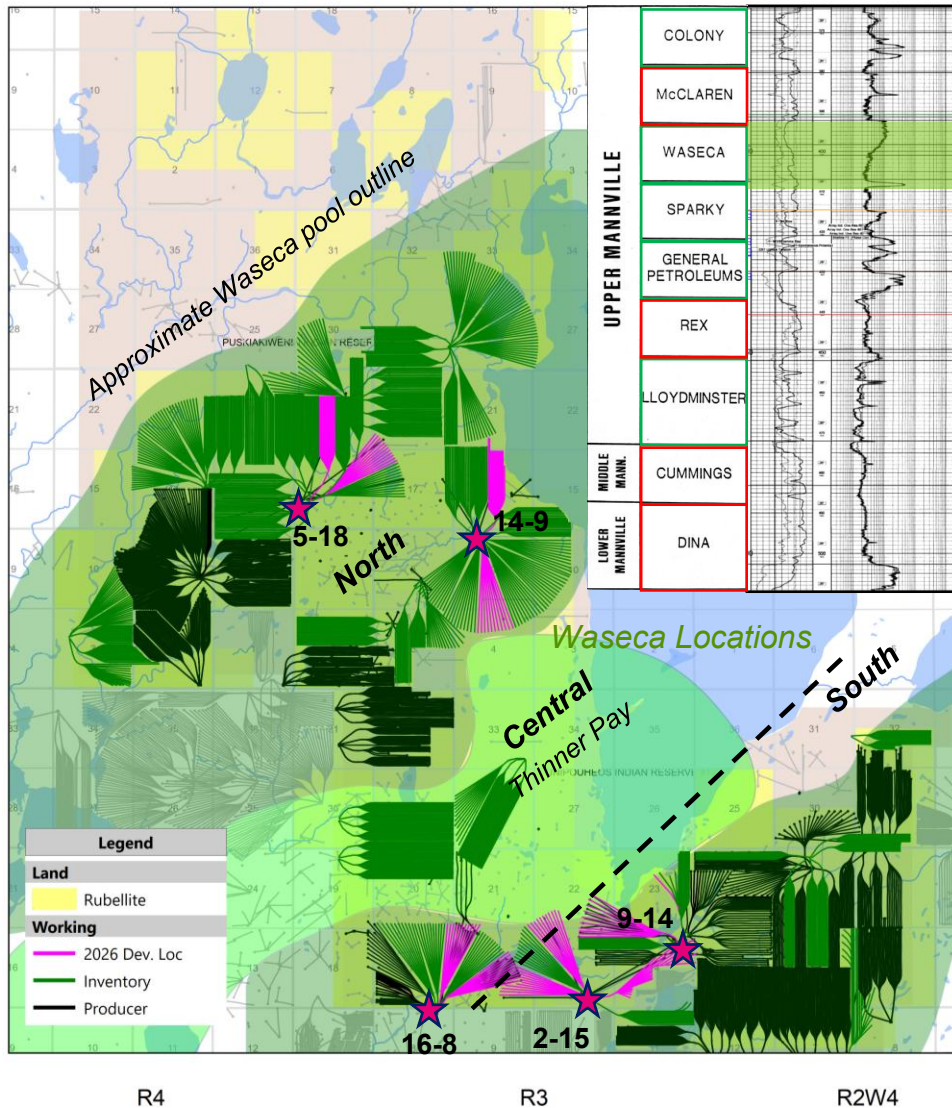


Frog Lake Waseca

Active Waseca development and GP delineation



Asset Map – Waseca Development



Source: geoScout

Asset Summary

Working Interest: 63% (of current production)

- FLERC has option to elect 50% WI in all future drills

Q1 2026 Production: 3,032 boe/d (100% heavy oil)

- 83 gross (55.5 net) wells on sales production

Drilling Inventory:

- 47.0 net inventory Waseca locations (as at Jan 1, 2026)⁽²⁾
 - 45% booked in 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report (21.0 net locations)
 - 16.0 net proven undeveloped and 5.0 net probable undeveloped booked⁽¹⁾ Waseca Development locations
- >160.0 net inventory GP locations⁽²⁾
 - 5% booked in 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report (8.5 net locations)
 - 3.5 net proven undeveloped and 5.0 net probable undeveloped booked⁽¹⁾
- 8 years of development for one-rig program at 16 net wells/year

2026 Activity

Waseca Development: 10 (6.5 net) wells

- 4 (2.0 net) Waseca South Development wells
- 2 (1.5 net) Waseca North 20,000m Step Out Delineation wells
- 4 (3.0 net) Waseca North/Central Development Wells
- 1 (0.5 net) water disposal well

GP and Sparky Single Lined laterals: 17 (9.0 net) wells

- 11 (6.0 net) GP wells
- 6 (3.0 net) Sparky wells

Enhanced Oil Recovery: Core & Lab Testing

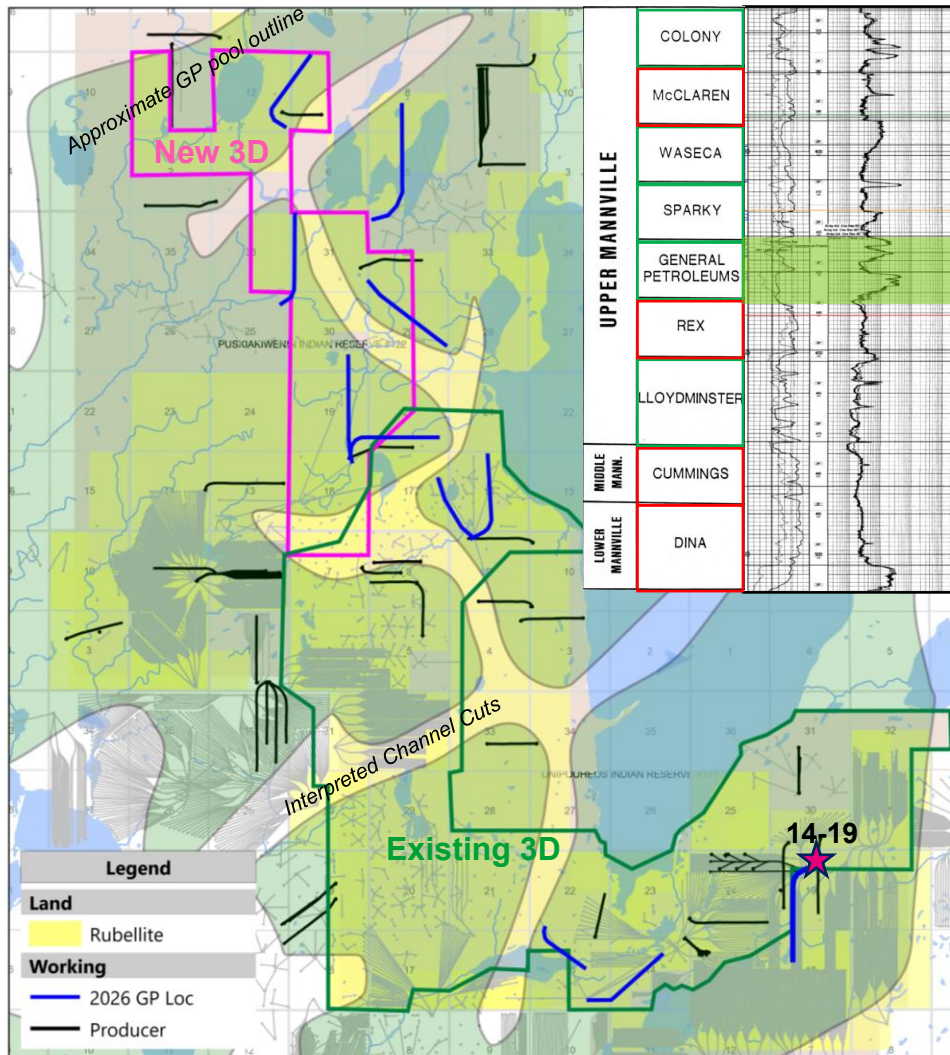
- Waseca Primary Recovery ~5% of OOIP (estimated OOIP >690 Million barrels)
- Core & fluid compatibility analysis and competitor analog information to inform future polymer pilot

1. Total Proved Plus Probable (P+PUD) reserves, economic parameters and Type Curves as per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report
 2. Frog Lake additional Waseca and GP development location inventory not recognized in McDaniel Report assumes 50% working interest; See "Drilling Locations" in Advisories

Rubellite Asset Profile | Frog Lake

GP Delineation

Asset Map – GP Development



T58

T57

T56

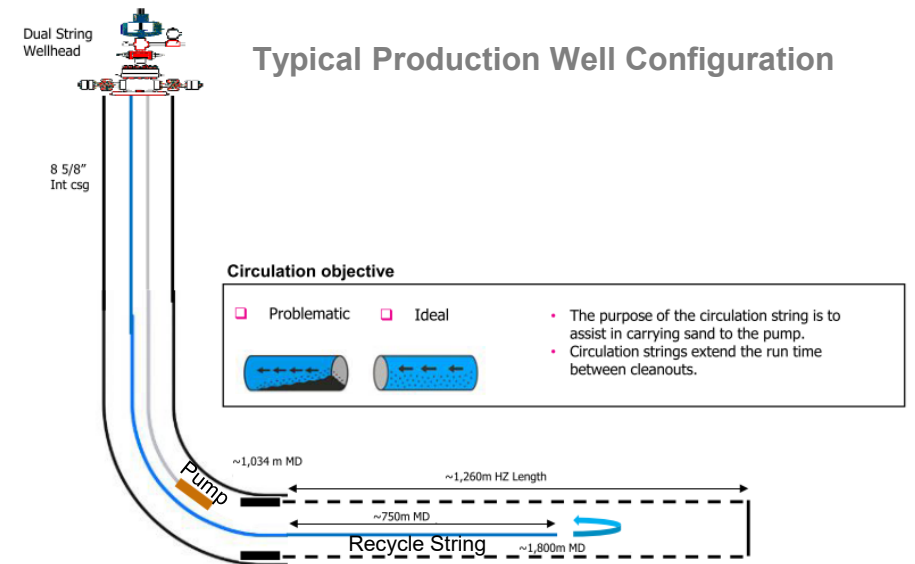
Asset Summary

Multiple 'New Zone' Targets in Mannville Stack

- GP, Sparky, McLaren, Rex and Lloyd
- >205 net Locations⁽¹⁾ delineated by existing and 25 km² new shoot 3D seismic

General Petroleum ("GP") Delineation

- GP historically delineated in greater Frog Lake region using single leg lined laterals, proving productivity
- Modern well designs incorporating "recycle" strings to circulate produced water along the horizontal section, clearing the well bore of solids to enhance productivity improving economics
- 4 (3.0 net) GP wells drilled in 2025 – Monitoring production performance
 - 1 (1.0 net) Fish Bone Design
 - 3 (2.0 net) Single Leg Lined Laterals with Re-circulating String Design
- 11 (6.0 net) GP wells planned for 2026
- >160 net locations (as at Jan 1, 2026) (95% unbooked)
 - 3.5 net Proved Undeveloped and 5.0 Probable Undeveloped locations booked⁽²⁾
 - Assumes ~100 - 150m inter-well spacing



1. Location count subject to inter-well spacing and well design optimization
 2. Total Proved Plus Probable Undeveloped (P+PUD) reserves as per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report

Rubellite Asset Profile | Frog Lake Type Curves



Mannville Stack – Waseca North, Waseca South and General Petroleum

Waseca Development

- Historical well design:
 - ~25m inter-leg spacing
 - ~15,000m MD of open hole multi-lateral
 - Multiple different mud and well designs to improve hole cleaning, decrease time to on first oil sales, and increase production and reserves

Testing 20,000m Waseca wells in 2026

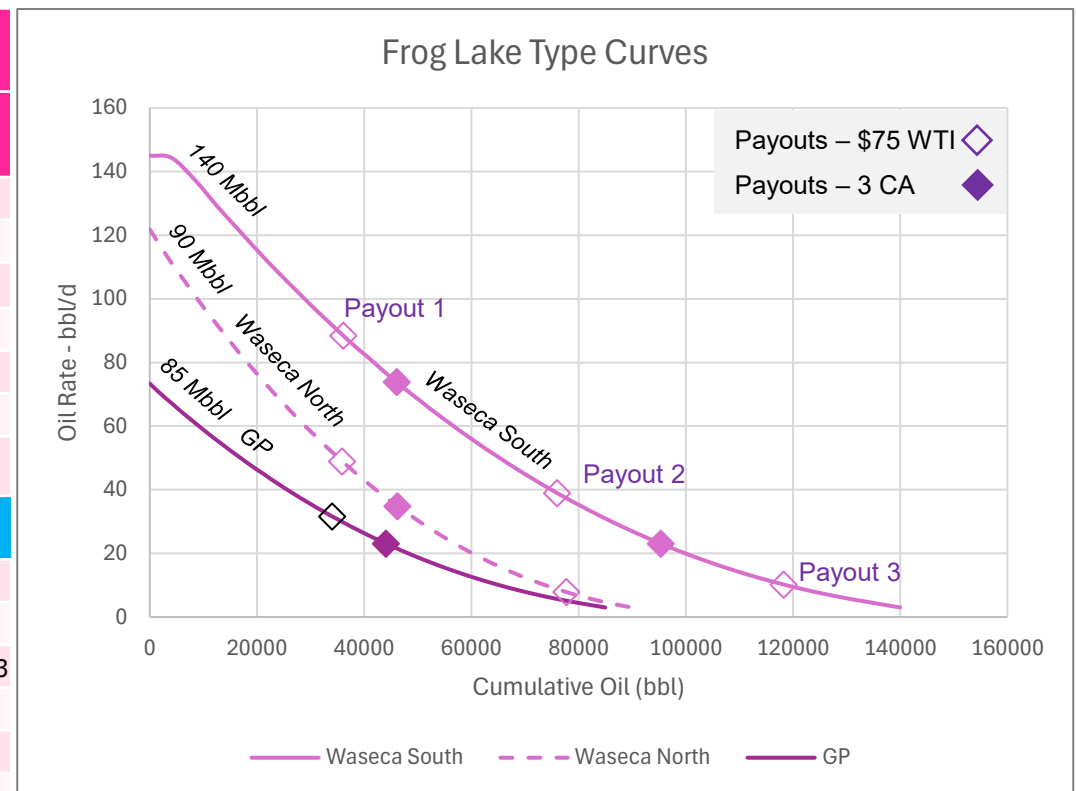
- Larger drainage area, well bore diameter, and overall length to improve capital cost per meter drilled
- Implementing water-based mud with amine system to manage losses

GP Development

- Single leg lined laterals equipped with recycle strings to lift solids

Type Curve Sensitivities - Frog Lake⁽¹⁾

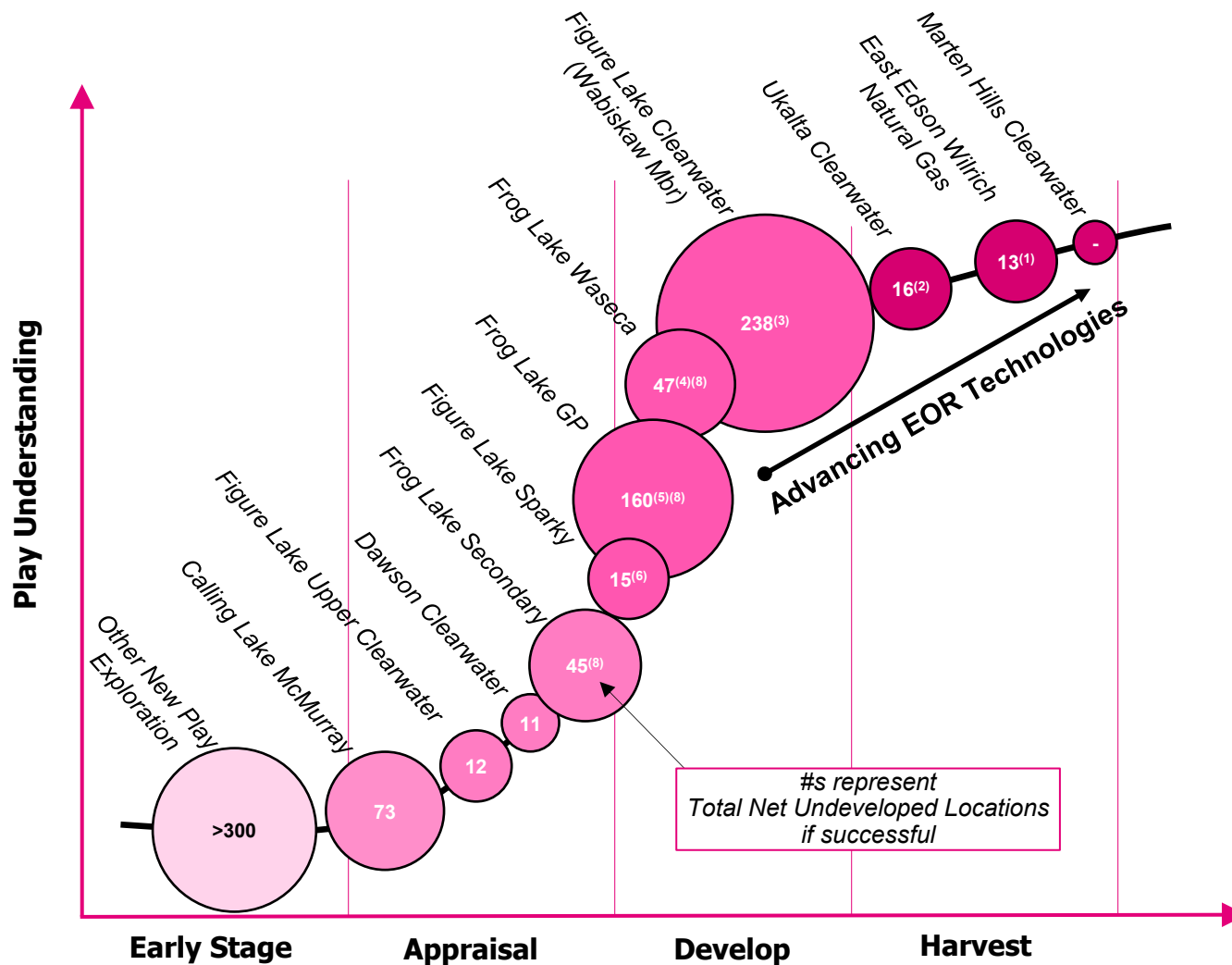
Assumptions (gross per well)	Frog Lake Type Curve		
	Waseca North ⁽¹⁾	Waseca South ⁽¹⁾	GP ⁽¹⁾
Drainage Area (Ha)	50	50	12
Horizontal Length (m)	15,000	15,000	1,200
Inter-leg Spacing (m)	25	25	-
IP30/100m (bbl/d)	0.8	1.0	6.1
IP30 (bbl/d)	122	145	73
IP360 (bbl/d)	85	114	58
Estimated Ultimate Recovery TPP (Mbbbl)	90	140	85
Economics ⁽¹⁾ (gross per well)	YE 2025 3 Cons Avg \$75 WTI		
D,C&E Capex (\$MM)	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$1.7
D,C&E Capex (\$/m)	\$133	\$133	\$1,446
TPP F+D (\$/bbl)	\$23.47 \$22.92	\$14.88 \$14.71	\$21.78 \$21.23
Net NPV10 (\$MM) (50%WI)	\$0.38 \$0.74	\$1.06 \$1.54	\$0.25 \$0.52
First Payout (months)	24 16	15 11	36 24
Second Payout (months)	- 87	54 33	- -
Third Payout (months)	-	- 103	-
# of Payouts	1.6 2.0	2.6 3.2	1.6 2.0
Rate of Return (%)	36 73	82 151	24 44



1. Total Proved Plus Probable Undeveloped (P+PUD) reserve and economic parameters as per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report run on 3 Consultant Average (3 CA) and \$75 WTI Flat Price Deck (\$82.96 WCS CAD)
 2. NPV10 is shown as Net (50% WI to Rubellite). All other parameters are gross

Exploration Prospect Pipeline

Feeding a "pipeline" of primary development projects from new exploration plays



'New Zone' Appraisal⁽⁷⁾

Frog Lake Secondary Zones: 45 net⁽⁸⁾ Locations

- Sparky, Lloyd, Rex, and McLaren Zones

Figure Lake Upper Clearwater: 12 net Locations

- New pools mapped

Dawson Clearwater: 11 net Locations

- 23.0 net sections
- Horizontal test well drilled in Q1 2023 – Winter production only

Calling Lake McMurray: 73 net Locations

- 108.0 net sections
- One (1.0 net) Horizontal test well drilled in Q4 2024
- Likely hole collapse affecting inflow
- Workover planned for Q2 2026

'New Play' Exploration⁽⁷⁾

Other Early-Stage Exploration

- Land capture ongoing in new heavy oil plays
- Targeting new zones and formations amenable to open-hole horizontal multi-lat development or single leg lined horizontals with recycle strings
- Test well drilled Q1 2026

Net booked locations ss per Rubellite Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report:

1. Ukalta Clearwater has 11.0 Proved Undeveloped and 5.0 Probable Undeveloped Net Locations
2. Figure Lake Wabiskaw has 69.1 Proved Undeveloped and 38.6 Probable Undeveloped Net Locations
3. Figure Lake Waseca has 16.0 Proved Undeveloped and 5.0 Probable Undeveloped Net Locations

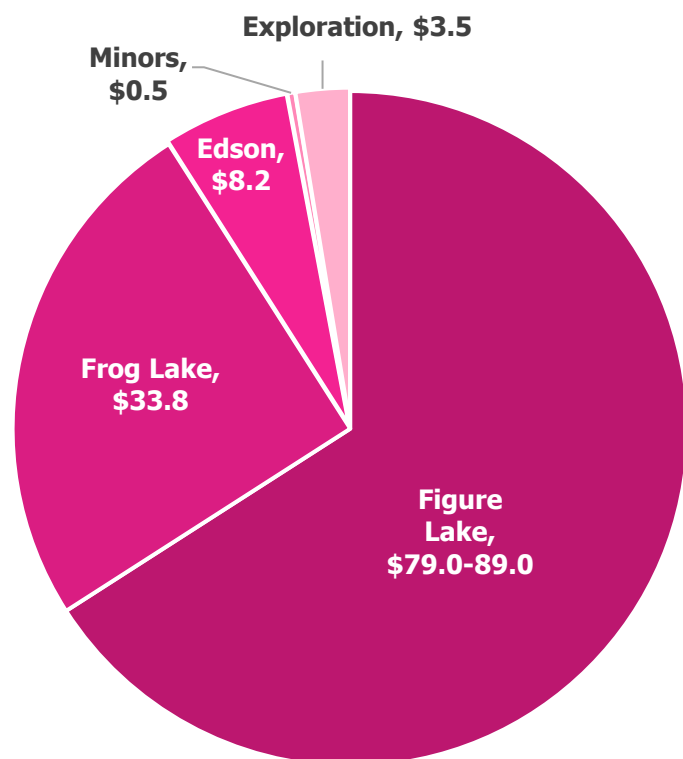
5. Frog Lake GP has 3.5 Proved Undeveloped and 5.0 Probable Undeveloped Net Locations; Location count assumes 100m inter-well spacing and is subject to change with inter-well spacing and well design

6. Figure Lake Sparky has 2.0 Proved Undeveloped Net Locations
7. Location count subject to change with inter-well spacing and well design
8. Frog Lake locations assumed at 50% working interest

2026 Annual Exploration and Development Spending⁽¹⁾

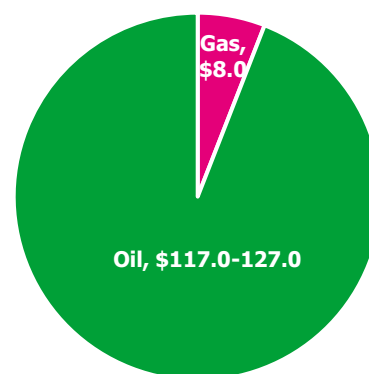
Development, Step-out Delineation, Enhanced Oil Recovery Pilots and Exploration

2026 E&D Spending: \$125-135 MM⁽¹⁾

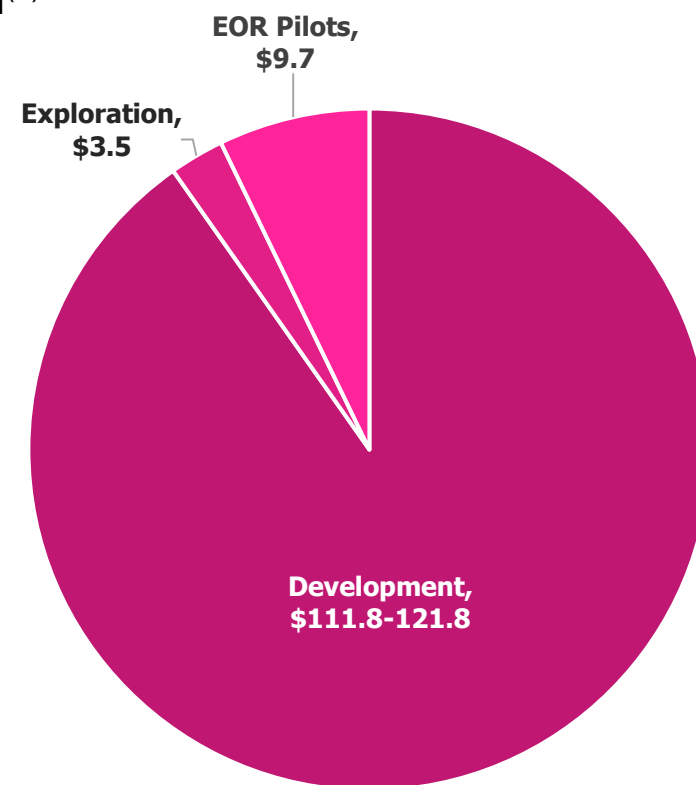


Capex by Area

60-65 gross / 47.0-52.0 net wells
 Development, Delineation & EOR:
 ▪ Figure Lake: 29-34 (29.0-34.0 net)
 ▪ Frog Lake: 28 (16.0 net)
 ▪ East Edson: 2 (1.0 net)
 Exploration: 1 (1.0 net)



Capex by Commodity⁽²⁾



Capex by Category

1. See Non-GAAP measures in Advisories

2. 'Gas' and 'Other' capital spending includes gas conservation infrastructure at Figure Lake

Balance Sheet and Guidance



Credit facility limit increased to \$160 MM (up from \$140 MM) providing additional liquidity and financial flexibility

Guidance (May 11, 2026)

	Q2 2026	2026
E&D Spending ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (\$ MM)	\$39 - \$41	\$125 - \$135
Average Sales Production (boe/d)	13,300 – 13,400	13,300 – 13,800
Production mix (% oil and liquids)	68%	69%
Heavy Oil Production (bbl/d)	8,550 – 8,650	8,800 – 9,200
Heavy Oil Wellhead Differential ⁽⁴⁾ (\$/bbl)	\$5.50 - \$6.00	\$4.50 - \$5.50
Royalties ⁽⁵⁾ (% of revenue)	15.5% - 16.5%	14.5% - 15.5%
Operating Costs ⁽¹⁾ (\$/boe)	\$6.50 - \$7.25	\$6.50 - \$7.00
Transportation Costs (\$/boe)	\$4.75 - \$5.25	\$4.75 - \$5.25
G&A (\$/boe)	\$3.00 - \$3.50	\$3.00 - \$3.50

1. Non-GAAP or financial measure
2. Exploration and Development spending for the balance of 2026 includes the drilling of 17 (17.0 net) to 22 (22.0 net) horizontal multi-lateral Clearwater primary development wells (15,000 meter, 12-leg, standard well design), 2 (2.0 net) horizontal multi-lateral Clearwater step-out wells (10,000 meter, 10-leg well design), 2 (2.0 net) horizontal multi-lateral Sparky wells (10,000 to 15,000 meter, 12-leg well design), 1 (1.0 net) horizontal multi-lateral Clearwater polymer flood pilot producer (10,000 meter, 8-leg well design) and 1 (1.0 net) single leg injector as part of the polymer flood pilot pair, in the Greater Figure Lake area, and 24 (14.0 net) horizontal wells at Frog Lake targeting the Waseca North, Waseca South, GP and Sparky zones along with 1 (0.5 net) water disposal well
3. Excludes land purchases, seismic and acquisitions, if any; During Q1 2026, land, seismic and other spending was \$1.3 million
4. Realized wellhead price relative to Western Canadian Select (C\$/bbl) benchmark pricing
5. Includes Crown, freehold and GORRs

Balance Sheet Reconciliation through 2024 Strategic Transactions

	Perpetual Q2/24	Rubellite Q3/24	Year End 2024 ⁽²⁾	Q1 2026 ⁽²⁾
Bank Debt Borrowing Capacity ⁽³⁾ (\$ MM)	\$30.0	\$100.0	\$140.0	\$160.0
Revolving Bank Debt Draw ⁽⁴⁾ (\$ MM)	\$1.5	\$72.2	\$105.9	\$107.8
Bank Syndicated Term Loan (\$ MM)		\$20.0	<i>Fully repaid</i>	
Rubellite Term Loan ⁽⁵⁾ (\$ MM)		\$20.0	\$20.0	\$20.0
Working Capital Deficit ⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾ (\$ MM)	-\$3.0	\$35.8	\$28.1	\$20.2
Perpetual Senior Notes ⁽⁷⁾ (\$ MM)	\$26.2		<i>Converted into shares</i>	
Total Net Debt ⁽¹⁾⁽⁸⁾ (\$ MM)	\$24.7	\$147.9	\$154.0	\$148.0
Available Liquidity ⁽¹⁾⁽⁹⁾		\$25.5	\$30.4	\$50.8

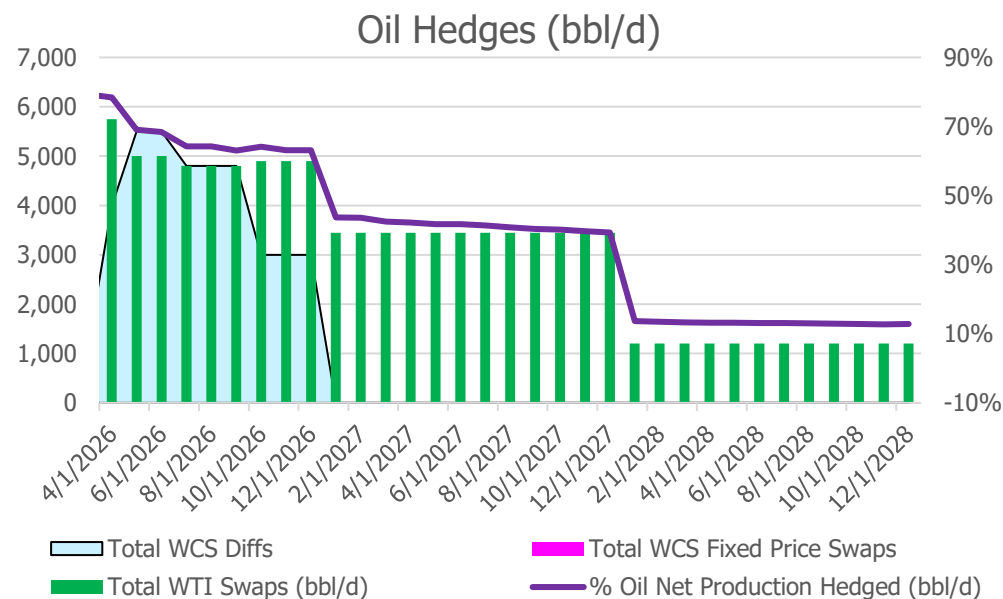
1. Non-GAAP or financial measure
2. Rubellite Year End Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2024; March 31, 2026
3. Syndicate of five Canadian lenders; Bank line at September 30, 2024 of \$100 million for Rubellite and \$30 million for Perpetual; Bank line increased to \$140 million upon Recombination on October 31, 2024 and to \$160 million in May 2026; Q1 2026 proforma May 2026 credit facility limit increase
4. Rubellite Revolving Bank Debt Draw as at period end; Perpetual as at June 30, 2024
5. Rubellite Term Loan with 11.5% coupon and maturing in August 2029 subordinate in security to other provision relating to ongoing \$3.75 million annual payments under the "Settlement Agreement" which has second lien security behind the Company's consolidated credit facility until \$11.6 million remaining outstanding settlement amount fully paid prior to March 2030
6. Rubellite Working Capital Deficit as at period end; Perpetual as at June 30, 2024
7. Based on the five-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for the Rubellite Shares prior to the Recombination Transaction announcement of \$2.25 per share
8. Rubellite Total Net Debt as at period end; Perpetual as at June 30, 2024
9. Available liquidity is defined as the borrowing limit under the credit facility, plus any cash and cash equivalents, less any borrowings and letters of credit issued

Generating material free funds flow after sustaining capital - Excess free funds flow to be directed to organic growth, exploration land capture & evaluation, acquisitions & debt repayment

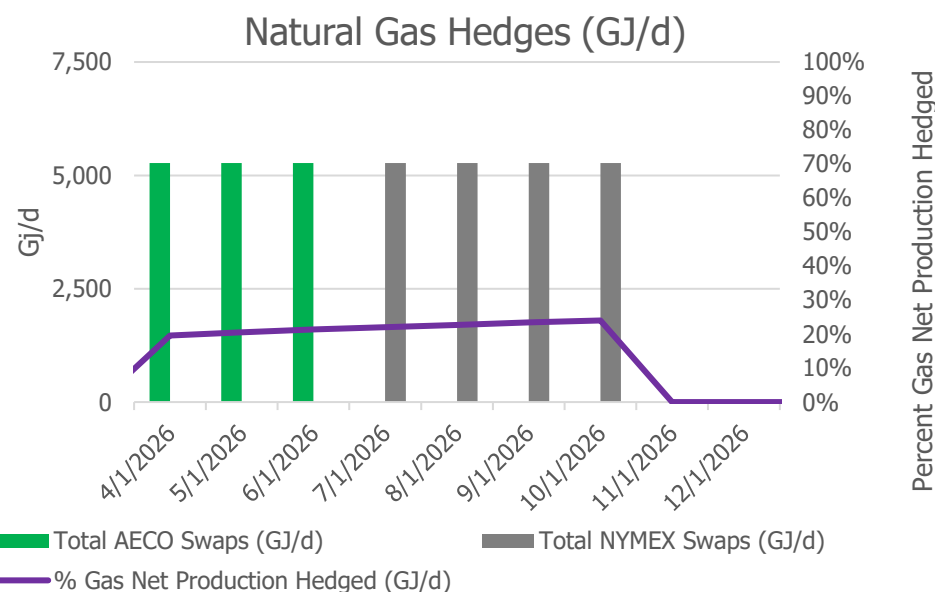
Commodity Price Risk Management

Price protection on ~60% of May-Dec 2026, 38% of 2027 and 13% of 2028 liquids production, net of royalties ⁽¹⁾

Oil Price Risk Management



Natural Gas Price Risk Management



- Physical forward sales contracts and financial derivatives used to:
 - Increase certainty in adjusted funds flow
 - Manage the balance sheet
 - Ensure adequate funding for capital programs
 - Lock in investment returns
 - Take advantage of perceived anomalies in commodity markets
- RBY Average Oil Hedge Prices⁽²⁾ of ~C\$75.30/bbl WCS May-Dec26, ~US\$70.72/bbl WTI 2027 and US\$70.00/bbl WTI 2028
- RBY Average Gas Hedge Price⁽²⁾ of ~C\$2.82/GJ AECO Apr-Jun26, ~US\$3.89/MMBtu NYMEX Jul-Oct26

1. As at May 6 2026; See Appendix and Advisories for detailed risk management positions

2. Prices are reported at the weighted average price for the period; WCS prices in Q4 2026 estimated using WCS differential forward market on May 6, 2026 of -\$16.05/bbl for unhedged portion

Creating Differentiated Value for Shareholders

Junior E&P growth opportunity in the Clearwater and Mannville Stack multi-lat heavy oil plays



Expanding Pure Play Heavy Oil Multi-lat Asset Base

- 689 net sections of prospective Clearwater, Mannville Stack and Heavy Oil exploration lands
- Major producing properties at Figure Lake (Clearwater) and Frog Lake (Mannville Stack)
- Multiple exploration prospects captured with material success case location inventory identified
- Line of sight to additional exploratory land capture and M&A opportunities
- Several properties with near cold flow prospects to unlock with evolving solvent & low-grade heat technology

Robust Organic Heavy Oil Production Growth Profile

- Organic and M&A driven heavy oil production growth from initial 350 bbl/d in Sep 2021 to 8,641 bbl/d in Q1/26
- Highly profitable, full cycle IRRs with attractive payout periods under 1 year at historical prices since inception
- >475 net defined Development/Step-out heavy oil locations; >440 net potential exploration/appraisal locations
- Systematic evaluation of exploration/appraisal prospect inventory to inform sustainable target production levels
- Future waterflood and EOR potential to mitigate production declines and increase recovery

Fully Funded Development Generating Material Free Funds Flow

- Organic growth plan on development acreage funded through free funds flow
- Low royalties of ~15% and opex / transport costs of ~\$14.00 per boe on heavy oil CGU drive attractive netbacks
- Generating sustainable free funds flow at current commodity price strip
- Excess discretionary free funds flow after sustaining capital directed to accelerated organic growth, exploration land capture and evaluation, acquisitions, debt repayment and ultimately returns to shareholders

Conservative Capitalization and Risk Mitigation

- Credit facility expanded to \$160 MM in May, drawn \$107.8 MM, and \$20 MM Term Loan at March 31, 2026
- Risk management with hedging to protect capital investment plans and returns during growth ramp up
- Net Debt to Q1 2026 Annualized Adjusted Funds Flow⁽¹⁾ at ~1.1x
- Perpetual recombination added ~4,000 boe/d of liquids-rich gas-focused production, diversified revenue, synergies, financial flexibility and optionality

Management Alignment and Operational Excellence

- Strong management alignment with insider share ownership of 45.3% and 100% ownership of the Term Loan
- Six independent board members (50% women); Team-focused, inclusive corporate culture
- Focused operations using multi-lateral drilling technology from multi-well pads with limited surface footprint
- Negligible use of freshwater given no fracture stimulation and oil-based mud drilling systems
- Profitable solution gas conservation projects advancing to reduce emissions

1. See Non-GAAP measures in Advisories

2026 Strategic Priorities

Value Creation through Heavy Oil Multi-lat Driven Play Strategies





Additional Information

*Sue Riddell Rose, President & CEO
Ryan Shay, Vice President, Finance & CFO*

*3200, 605 – 5 Avenue SW
Calgary, Alberta Canada T2P 3H5*

APPENDIX

Historical Financing

Strong insider support for equity and subordinated debt financings

- Rubellite acquired all of Perpetual's Clearwater Assets for total consideration of \$65.5 MM (including \$59.2 MM in cash)
 - Incorporated on July 12, 2021; Clearwater Assets conveyed on July 15th
 - Plan of Arrangement closed on September 3rd
 - Equity Financings closed / released from Escrow on Oct 5, 2021
- \$83.5 MM in Equity Financings (October 5, 2021)
 - \$30.0 MM Brokered Sub-Receipts Financing (closed into escrow July 13th)
 - \$20.0 MM Non-Brokered Private Placement
 - \$33.5 MM Arrangement Warrant ("rights offering") – Fully Back-stopped
 - All components of the financings priced at \$2.00/share
- \$38.7 MM in Equity Financings (March 30, 2022)
 - \$25.3 MM Brokered Financing; \$13.4 MM Non-Brokered Private Placement
 - Both financings priced at \$3.55/share
- \$20.0 MM Flow-Through Equity Financing (March 28, 2023)
 - Non-Brokered Private Placement priced at \$2.85/share
- \$97.5 MM purchase of Buffalo Mission Energy (August 2, 2024)⁽¹⁾
 - Funded with \$11.3 MM in equity (5 million shares @ \$2.25/share), expanded bank credit facilities and \$20 MM second-lien Term Loan
- Recombination Transaction – Rubellite and Perpetual exchanged shares for Rubellite Energy Corp. by way of a Plan of Arrangement
 - Rubellite Energy Inc. shareholders received 1 Rubellite Energy Corp share for every 1 Rubellite Energy Inc share held
 - Perpetual shareholders received 1 Rubellite Energy Corp. share for every 5 Perpetual shares held (issuance of 13.7 MM shares to Perpetual shareholders)
 - Closed October 31, 2024
- \$26.2 MM of Perpetual Senior Notes converted to Rubellite Energy Corp. shares
 - Closed October 31, 2024 with Recombination Transaction
 - 11.6 million shares at \$2.25 per share based on the 5-day VWAP prior to the announcement of the Rubellite / Perpetual Recombination Transaction
- *\$179.6 MM in equity raised to-date at average price of \$2.35/share*
 - *Insiders have participated for \$90.8 MM (~51%)*

1. Based on the Rubellite's closing share price of \$2.07 per share on August 2, 2024, the fair value of the share consideration was \$10.4 million, resulting in a total purchase price of \$96.6 million

Year End 2025 Corporate Reserves Highlights

All capital and including technical revisions



2025 Corporate Reserves Additions⁽¹⁾

Proved plus Probable

- TPP flat year-over-year, up 0.1% Mboe
- TPP per Debt Adjusted Share increased 9.2% year-over-year
- TPP Replaced 2025 Annual Production by 101%

Proved Developed Producing

- PDP increased 2.3% year-over-year
- PDP per Debt Adjusted Share increased 12.7% year-over-year
- PDP additions replaced 2025 Annual Production by 109%

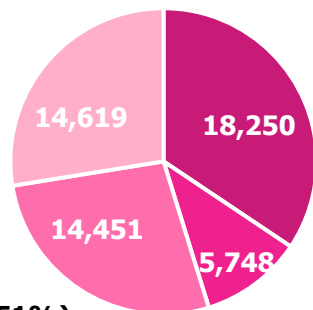
Reserve Life Index

- 2025 Annual Production 12,494 boe/d
- RLI ranging from 4.0 years (PDP) to 11.6 years (TPP)

Heavy Oil CGU Recycle Ratio⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ of 2.0 times

- 2025 Operating Netback of \$45.15/boe
- TPP Adjusted F&D, including cash proceeds, and changes in FDC of \$22.93/boe

YE 2025 Reserves (Mboe)⁽¹⁾



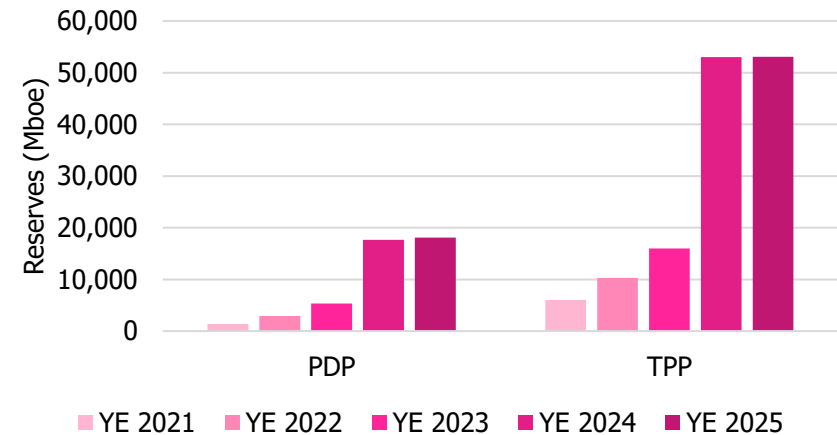
TP 32.9 MMboe

TPP 53.1 MMboe

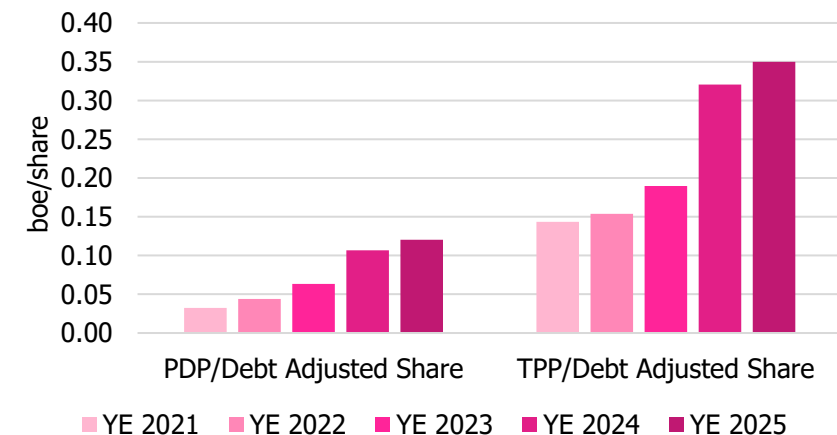
TPP 55% Heavy Oil (2024 - 51%)

- Proved Developed
- Probable Developed
- Probable Undeveloped
- Proved Undeveloped

Reserves⁽¹⁾



Reserves / Debt-Adjusted Share⁽¹⁾



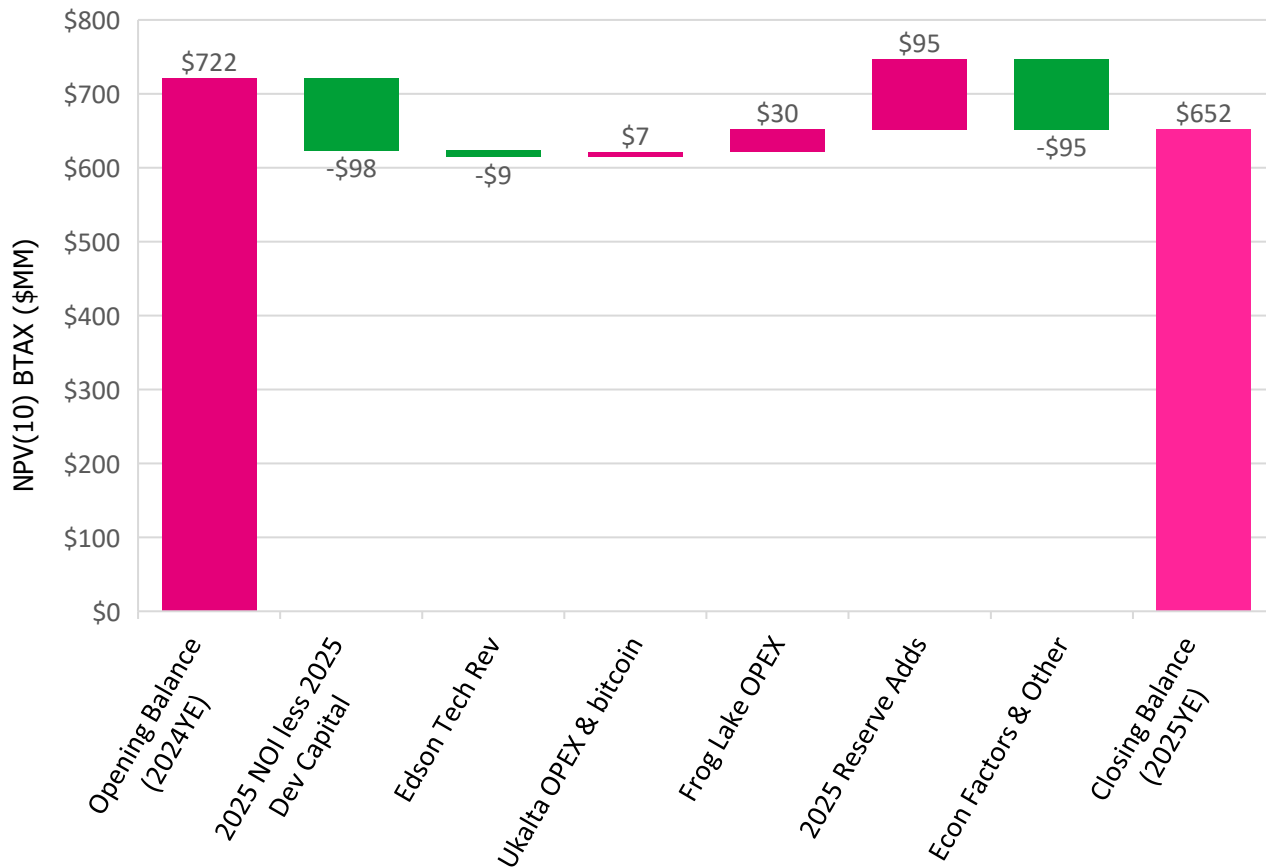
1. Proved Developed Producing (PDP), Proved (PUD) and Proved Plus Probable (TPP) reserves as per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report; Debt adjusted reserves per share is calculated as year end reserves volume divided by debt adjusted shares for reserves; Debt adjusted shares for reserves is calculated by converting the total debt to equity based on share price at Dec 31, 2025 and adding to the share count at Dec 31, 2025
2. Based on 2025 operating netbacks as noted (excluding hedging gains/losses and including technical revisions)
3. Includes cash proceeds from dispositions of undeveloped land of \$7.8 million which had no reserves assigned prior to the disposition

Year End 2025 Net Present Value of Reserves – Annual Reconciliation

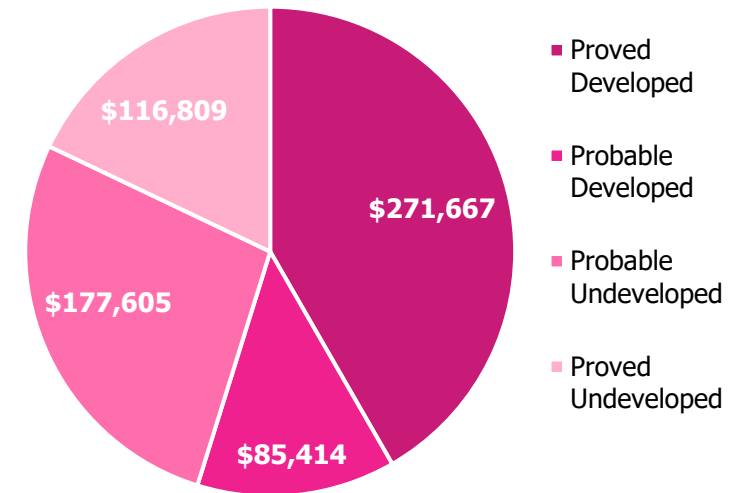
Price Impact reducing value of reserves



**YE 2025 NPV(10) of TPP⁽¹⁾
Reconciliation to YE 2024**



YE 2025 Reserves NPV(10)⁽¹⁾ (\$M)



TP \$388.5 MM (2024 - \$440.4)

TPP \$651.5 MM (2024 - \$721.5)

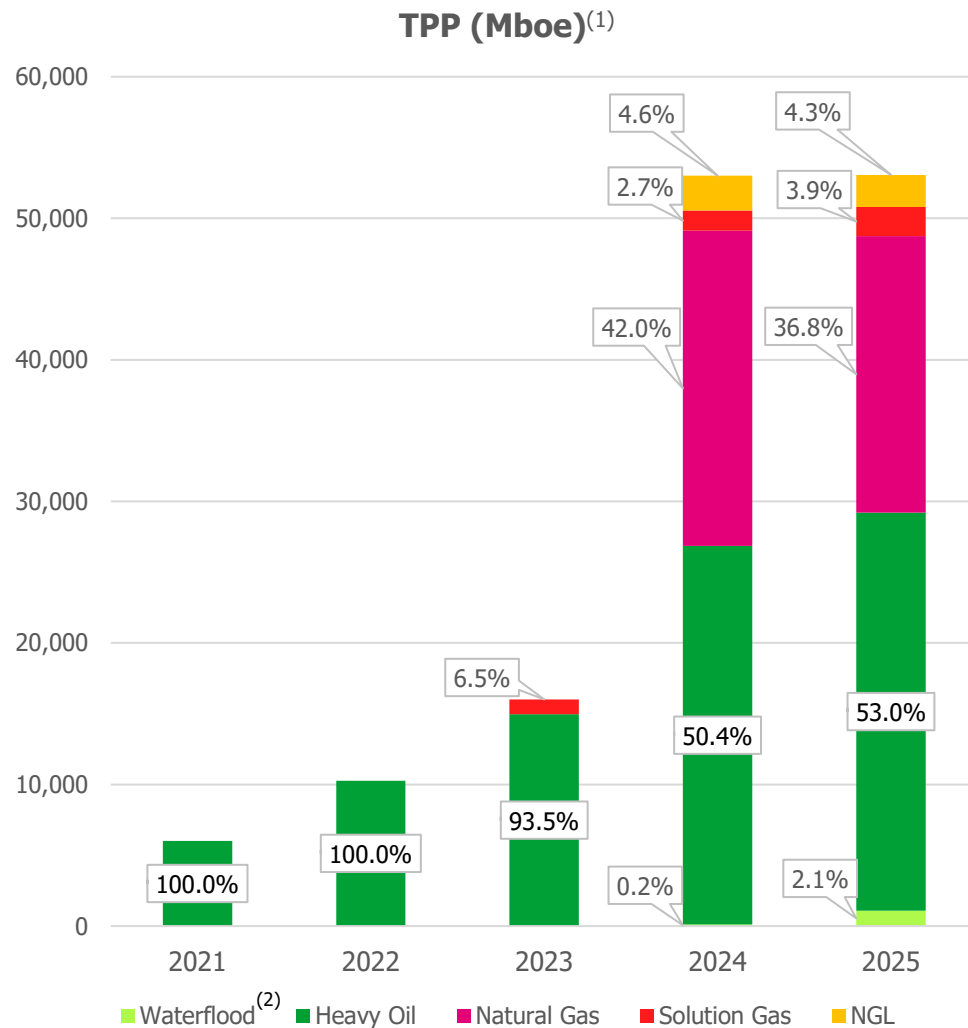
1. Proved Developed (PD), Proved (PUD), Total Proved (TP), Proved plus Probable Developed (P+PDV) and Proved plus Probable (TPP) reserves BTAX values discounted at 10% as per Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report based on the Jan 1, 2026 3 Consultant Average Price Forecast

Reserves and Net Present Value by Commodity

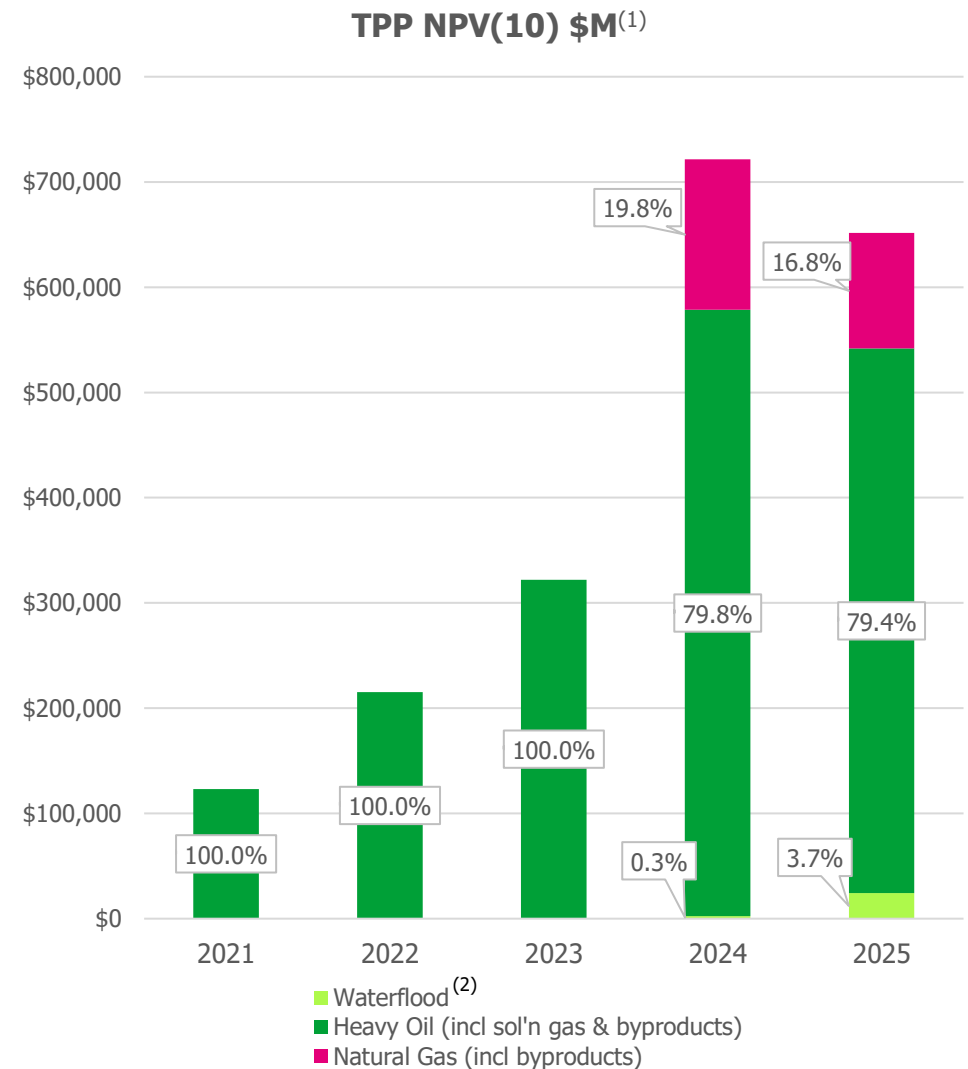
Heavy Oil Reserves Increased to 55% of Commodity Mix & 83% of Value



Reserves



Value



1. Total Proved plus Probable Reserves and Value for Rubellite as per Year End McDaniel Reserve Reports (Dec.31, 2021 through Dec.31, 2025)

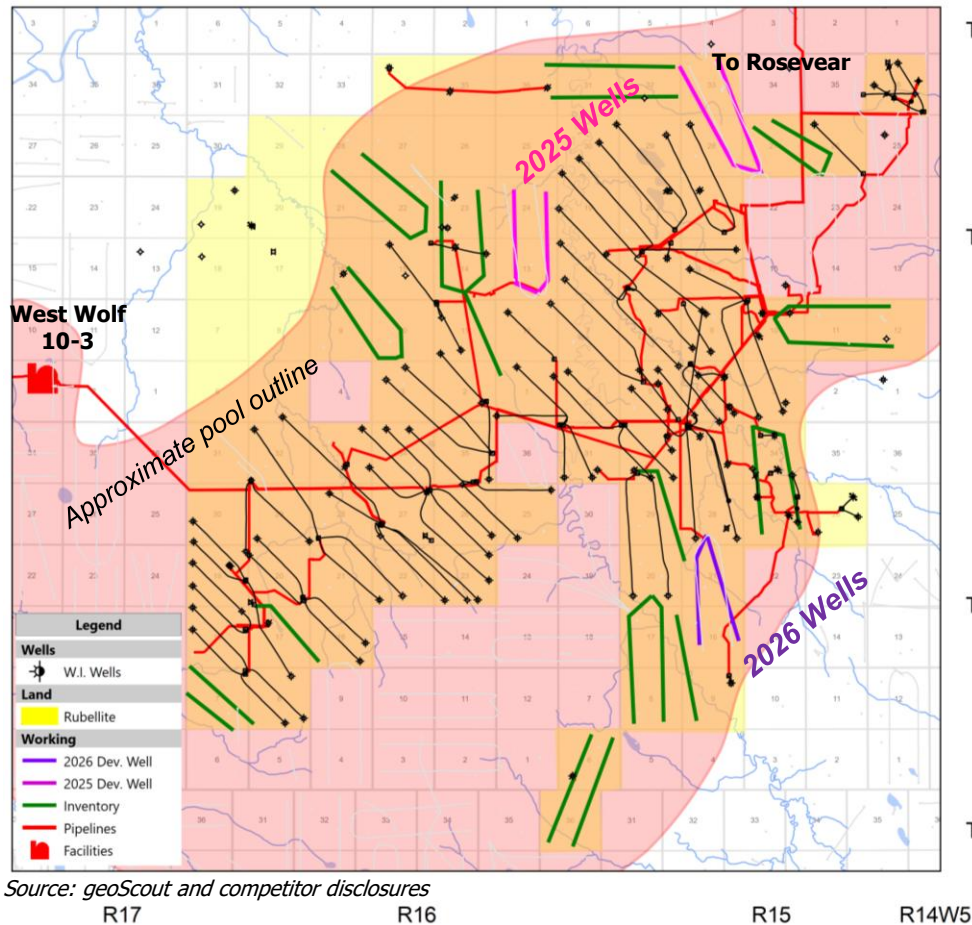
2. Waterflood reserves include all TPP reserves and net present value where production is supported by an existing or booked pattern

Rubellite Asset Profile | East Edson

Deep Basin Wilrich Liquids-Rich Gas



Asset Map



Source: geoScout and competitor disclosures

Asset Summary

Working Interest: 50%

- Non-operated interest with best-in-class operator (Tourmaline – TSX:TOU)

Net Production:

- Q1 2026 sales: 4,214 boe/d (22.7 MMcf/d; 433 bbl/d NGL)
- 18.8 bbl/MMcf NGL yield
- Processing Capacity: 78 MMcf/d gross (39.0 MMcf/d net)
 - West Wolf: 65 (32.5 net) MMcf/d
 - Rosevear: 13 (6.5 net) MMcf/d

2025 Capital Activity

- 4 (2.0 net) wells required to sustain current production
 - >3,000m Hz length per well

2026 Capital Activity

- 2 (1.0 net) wells drilled in Q1 2026 and placed on production

Location Inventory

- Wilrich drilling inventory to sustain production through 2029
 - 7.5 net proven undeveloped and 4.4 net probable undeveloped booked⁽¹⁾ Primary Zone HZ Development locations
- Secondary Zone potential in multiple proven horizons
 - Resource in Cardium, Viking, Notikewin, Falher, Rock Creek, Gething, and Second White Specks Shale proven in vertical producers

1. Total Proved Plus Probable Undeveloped (P+PUD) location count, reserve and economic parameters as per Rubellite Year End 2025 McDaniel Reserve Report

Commodity Price Risk Management

Position Details



	Q1 26	Q2 26	Q3 26	Q4 26	Q1 27	Q2 27	Q3 27	Q4 27	Q1 28	Q2 28	Q3 28	Q4 28
WTI CAD/bbl Swap												
Volume (bbl/d)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/bbl)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WTI USD/bbl Swap												
Volume (bbl/d)	3,707	5,247	4,800	4,900	3,450	3,450	3,450	3,450	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
(\$USD/bbl)	\$66.44	\$67.86	\$66.19	\$68.11	\$70.72	\$70.72	\$70.72	\$70.72	\$70.00	\$70.00	\$70.00	\$70.00
WCS CAD/bbl Swap												
Volume (bbl/d)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/bbl)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WCS Differential CAD/bbl Swap												
Volume (bbl/d)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/bbl)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WCS Differential USD/bbl Swap												
Volume (bbl/d)	1,000	5,005	4,800	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$USD/bbl)	(\$12.50)	(\$12.48)	(\$12.41)	(\$13.18)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AECO CAD/GJ Swap												
Volume (GJ/d)	-	5,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/GJ)	-	\$2.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NYMEX Swap(Sell)												
Volume (MMbtu/d)	-	-	5,000	1,685	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$USD/MMbtu)	-	-	\$3.89	\$3.89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAD/USD FX Swap												
Notional period amount (\$USD)	\$22,500,000	\$22,500,000	\$22,500,000	\$22,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$USD/month)	\$7,500,000 ⁽²⁾	\$7,500,000 ⁽²⁾	\$7,500,000 ⁽²⁾	\$7,500,000 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/\$USD)	\$1.39487	\$1.39487	\$1.39487	\$1.39487	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/month)	\$10,461,525	\$10,461,525	\$10,461,525	\$10,461,525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAD/USD FX Knock-in Option												
Notional period amount (\$USD)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$USD/month)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/\$USD) Floor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/\$USD) Ceiling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(\$CAD/\$USD) Reset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1. At expiry on December 31, 2026, if the Calendar 2027 forward strip is above \$1.3890 \$CAD/\$USD, Rubellite knocks into a \$5.0 million \$USD/month contract at \$1.3890 for calendar 2027

Operational Excellence

Striving for continuous performance improvement



Environment

Water: Oil based mud drillings with no fresh water-based fracture stimulation in Clearwater play and minimal fresh water usage in the Mannville Stack area

Land: Surface footprint minimized with multi-well pad development. Onsite drill cutting cleaning and oil-based mud recovery reduce trucking and landfill waste

Air: Gas conservation project implemented to drive **emissions reductions**. Lower emissions pad site battery design implemented. Consolidated land positions present future pipeline tie-in opportunities to reduce trucking

Innovation: Engaged with industry **clean** tech alliances to drive **sustainable solutions**



Social

- **Ranked #1** out of 243 oil and gas companies on **Workplace Compensation Board** scorecard
- Comprehensive health and safety program driving strong performance
- Community-focused **Indigenous relations** approach based on **listening** and **capacity building**
- **Joint Venture operations with Metis and First Nations communities**
- Extensive and purposeful **Indigenous contractor engagement strategy**
- Over **\$2 MM** donated to the United Way of Calgary since Perpetual / Rubellite team's inception in 2003
- Leadership and volunteer involvement in industry, community and charitable organizations



Governance

- Environment, Health and Safety programs and performance oversight since inception
- Performance-based compensation practices
- Triple Zero EH&S Goal of Zero spills/Zero injuries/Zero vehicle accidents embedded in operational excellence bonus
- Field and office team have **long established tenure** of working together through **20 year+** operating history
- Values-driven corporate culture rooted in **'Be In Spirit'** principles
- Inclusion element of DEI firmly embedded in corporate culture and accountability practices
- **50% female** representation on Board

ADVISORIES

Advisories – General and Forward-Looking Information

General

This Corporate Overview (this "presentation") of Rubellite Energy Corp. ("Rubellite" or the "Company") is for discussion and information purposes only and any unauthorized use is strictly prohibited. These materials should be read in conjunction with the Company's most recently filed Annual Information Form, the consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2026 and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the period ended March 31, 2026 ("March 31, 2026 MD&A") which are available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The additional advisories, disclaimers, cautionary statements and other risk factors contained therein are incorporated by reference herein.

This presentation contains information relating to Rubellite's business as well as historical and projected future performance, Rubellite expectations, forecasts and guidance and other market data. When considering this data, investors should bear in mind that historical results and market data may not be indicative of the future results that investors should expect from Rubellite. Moreover, you should assume that the information appearing herein (including the illustrative outlooks, projections, forecasts, estimates and guidance contained herein) is accurate as of the date on the front cover of this presentation only. Rubellite's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may change after such date. Accordingly, this presentation is subject to updating, completion, revision, verification and amendment at any time without notice which may result in material changes.

By accessing this presentation, you will be deemed to acknowledge and agree to the matters set forth above and below.

The information contained in this presentation does not purport to be all-inclusive or to contain all information that prospective investors may require, nor does it provide any legal, tax, financial, accounting or investment advice. Prospective investors are encouraged to conduct their own analysis and reviews of the Company and of the information contained in this presentation. Prospective investors should consult their own professional advisors to assess their potential investment in the Company and before making an investment decision. An investment in the Common Shares is subject to a number of risks that should be considered by a prospective investor. In this presentation, all amounts are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated. Any graphs, tables or other information in this presentation demonstrating the historical performance of the Company or of any other entity are intended only to illustrate past performance and are not necessarily indicative of future performance of the Company. Certain totals, subtotals and percentages may not reconcile due to rounding. See also "Forward-Looking Information" and "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" below and in the March 31, 2026 MD&A and "Risk Factors" in the Company's most recently filed Annual Information Form.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain information in this presentation including management's assessment of future plans and operations, and including, without limitation the information contained under the headings "Corporate Profile", "Investment Highlights", "2026 Annual Capital Spending Plan", "Project Pipeline", "Guidance & Balance Sheet", "Rubellite Asset Profile" and "Creating Differentiated Value for Shareholders" may constitute forward-looking information or statements (together "forward-looking information") under applicable securities laws. The forward-looking information includes, without limitation, statements with respect to: future capital expenditures, production and various cost forecasts; the anticipated sources of funds to be used for capital spending; expectations as to future exploration, development and drilling activity, and the benefits to be derived from such drilling including drilling techniques, pilot projects and production growth; the plan to advance strategic initiatives including multiple enhanced oil recovery pilots, exploration activities, new land capture, capital spending activities in the Company's core properties at Figure Lake, Frog Lake and East Edson, anticipated average heavy oil sales volumes and total production sales volumes in 2026; the expectation that capital spending activity will be funded from adjusted funds flows, with excess free funds flow to reduce net debt and for other balance sheet obligations; operating and transportation cost forecasts 2026; the expectation that blending demand for Clearwater and Mannville Stack heavy oil will continue to translate into attractive offsets to WCS benchmark pricing, planned ARO spending; Rubellite's business plan; and including the other information and statements contained under the heading "Guidance & Balance Sheet".

Forward-looking information is based on current expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of known and unknown risks, which could cause actual results to vary and in some instances to differ materially from those anticipated by Rubellite and described in the forward-looking information contained in this presentation. In particular and without limitation of the foregoing, material factors or assumptions on which the forward-looking information in this presentation is based include: the successful operation of the Company's assets, forecast commodity prices and other pricing assumptions; forecast production volumes based on business and market conditions; foreign exchange and interest rates; near-term pricing and continued volatility of the market; accounting estimates and judgments; future use and development of technology and associated expected future results; the ability to obtain regulatory approvals; the successful and timely implementation of capital projects; ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet current and future obligations and future capital funding requirements (equity or debt); the ability of Rubellite to obtain and retain qualified staff and equipment in a timely and cost-efficient manner, as applicable; the retention of key properties; forecast inflation, supply chain access and other assumptions inherent in Rubellite's current guidance and estimates; climate change; severe weather events (including wildfires, floods and drought); the continuance of existing tax, royalty, and regulatory regimes; the accuracy of the estimates of reserves volumes; ability to access and implement technology necessary to efficiently and effectively operate assets; risk of wars or other hostilities or geopolitical events (including the ongoing war in Ukraine and conflicts in the Middle East, South America and elsewhere), civil insurrection and pandemics; risks relating to Indigenous land claims and duty to consult; data breaches and cyber attacks; risks relating to the use of artificial intelligence; changes in laws and regulations, including but not limited to tax laws, royalties and environmental regulations (including greenhouse gas emission reduction requirements and other decarbonization or social policies) and including uncertainty with respect to the interpretation and impact of omnibus Bill C-59 and the related amendments to the Competition Act (Canada), and the interpretation of such changes to the Company's business); political, geopolitical and economic instability; trade policy, barriers, disputes or wars (including new tariffs or changes to existing international trade requirements) and general economic and business conditions and markets, among others.

Undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking information, which is not a guarantee of performance and is subject to a number of risks or uncertainties, including without limitation those described herein and under "Risk Factors" in Rubellite's most recently filed Annual Information Form and the March 31, 2026 MD&A and in other reports on file with Canadian securities regulatory authorities which may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website (www.sedarplus.ca) and at Rubellite's website (www.rubelliteenergy.com). Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive. Forward-looking information is based on the estimates and opinions of Rubellite's management at the time the information is released, and Rubellite disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly any such forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as expressly required by applicable securities law.

Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories

This presentation contains certain oil and gas industry metrics which do not have standardized meanings or standard methods of calculation and therefore such measures may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies and should not be used to make comparisons. Such metrics have been included in this document to provide readers with additional measures to evaluate Rubellite's performance; however, such measures are not reliable indicators of Rubellite's future performance and future performance may not compare to Rubellite's performance in previous periods and therefore such metrics should not be unduly relied upon.

BOE Volume Conversions

The term "boe" means barrel of oil equivalent, which in accordance with NI-51-101, is on the basis of 1 boe to 6,000 cubic feet of natural gas. Boe may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of 1 boe for 6,000 cubic feet of natural gas is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. In addition, utilizing a conversion on a 6 Mcf:1 bbl basis may be misleading as an indicator of value as the value ratio between natural gas and heavy crude oil, based on the current prices of natural gas and crude oil, differ significantly from the energy equivalency of 6 Mcf:1 bbl.

Throughout this presentation, "heavy crude oil" "crude oil" or "oil" refers to heavy crude oil product types as defined by NI-51-101. References to "NGL" through this presentation comprise pentane, butane, propane and ethane, being all NGL as defined by NI-51-101. References to "natural gas" throughout this presentation refers to conventional natural gas as defined by NI-51-101.

Initial Production Rates

Any references in this presentation to initial production rates, including IP30, IP60, IP90, IP180 and IP270 are useful in confirming the presence of hydrocarbons; however, such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells will continue production and decline thereafter and are not necessarily indicative of long-term performance or ultimate recovery. Readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production for the Company. Such rates are based on field estimates and may be based on limited data available at the time.

Reserves Disclosures

All reserve references in this presentation are to gross reserves as at the effective date of the applicable evaluation. The reserves estimates contained herein for the 2025 YE were derived from reserves assessments and evaluations prepared by McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. ("McDaniel"), qualified independent reserve evaluator, with an effective date of December 31, 2025 and preparation dates of March 10, 2026 (the "McDaniel Report"), prepared in accordance with National Instrument 51-101 ("NI 51-101") and the most recent publication of the Canadian Oil and Gas Evaluations Handbook (the "COGE Handbook"). Reserve estimates for prior years were evaluated by independent qualified evaluators with an effective date of December 31 for the applicable year unless otherwise stated. The reserve data provided in this presentation presents only a portion of the disclosure required under NI 51-101. All of the required information is contained in the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the year ended December 31, 2025 filed on SEDAR+ (accessible at www.sedarplus.ca).

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of crude oil, natural gas and NGL reserves and the future cash flows attributed to such reserves. The reserve and associated cash flow information set forth above are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. In general, estimates of economically recoverable crude oil, natural gas and NGL reserves and the future net cash flows therefrom are based upon a number of variable factors and assumptions, such as historical production from the properties, production rates, ultimate reserve recovery, timing and amount of capital expenditures, marketability of oil and natural gas, royalty rates, the assumed effects of regulation by governmental agencies and future operating costs, all of which may vary materially. For those reasons, estimates of the economically recoverable crude oil, NGL and natural gas reserves attributable to any particular group of properties, classification of such reserves based on risk of recovery and estimates of future net revenues associated with reserves prepared by different engineers, or by the same engineers at different times, may vary. The Company's actual production, revenues, taxes and development and operating expenditures with respect to its reserves will vary from estimates thereof and such variations could be material.

All evaluations and reviews of future net revenue are stated prior to any provisions for interest costs or general and administrative costs and after the deduction of estimated future capital expenditures for wells to which reserves have been assigned. The after-tax net present value of the Company's oil and gas properties reflects the tax burden on the properties on a stand-alone basis and utilizes the Company's tax pools. It does not consider the corporate tax situation, or tax planning. It does not provide an estimate of the after-tax value of the Company, which may be significantly different. The Company's financial statements and the March 31, 2026 MD&A should be consulted for information at the level of the Company. The estimates of reserves and future net revenue for individual properties may not reflect the same confidence level as estimates of reserves and future net revenue for all properties, due to effects of aggregations. The estimated values of future net revenue disclosed in this presentation do not represent fair market value. There is no assurance that the forecast prices and cost assumptions used in the reserve evaluations will be attained and variances could be material.

This presentation contains the reserves measures such as FDC, F&D costs per boe, FD&A costs per boe, Adjusted F&D costs per boe, recycle ratio and replacement. These measures have been calculated on a total company basis and based on the Eastern Heavy Oil CGU.

"*Estimated ultimate recovery*" or ("*EUR*") represents the estimated ultimate recovery of resources included in the McDaniel Reserve Report.

"*Finding and Development Capital*" ("*FDC*") is comprised of total exploration and development costs incurred on reserves that are categorized as development reserves. For this calculation, development capital includes land expenditures and excludes acquisitions and dispositions.

"*Finding and development*" ("*F&D*") costs per boe are calculated as the sum of the non-GAAP measure "total capital expenditures" (as calculated above) less corporate spending, plus the change in FDC for the period divided by the change in reserves that are characterized as development for the period which takes into account reserve revisions during the period. This measure is then divided by the Company's total sales production on a per barrel basis. The aggregate of the total capital expenditures, less corporate spending, incurred in during the period and changes during that period in estimated future development costs generally will not reflect total finding and development costs related to reserve additions for that period.

"*Finding, development and acquisition*" ("*FD&A*") costs per boe are calculated as the sum of development costs, acquisition and disposition costs and the change in FDC for the period, divided by the reserves within the applicable reserves category, including changes due to acquisitions and dispositions.

Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories (continued)

Reserves Disclosures (continued)

"Adjusted finding and development" ("F&D") costs per boe are calculated as the sum of development costs, adjusted for the cash proceeds of acquisitions and dispositions, rather than the net back value component used in determining F&D costs. The change for the period, is then divided by the reserves within the applicable reserves category.

"Recycle ratio" is calculated by dividing the non-GAAP measure "operating netback" by F&D costs per boe. The recycle ratio compares the netback from existing reserves to the cost of finding new reserves and may not accurately indicate the investment success unless the replacement reserves are equivalent quality as the produced reserves.

"Production replacement" measures how much annual production has been replaced by new reserve additions. It is calculated by taking the total change in reserves on a per boe basis divided by the annual sales production on a per boe basis.

"NPV10" is the net present value (net of capital expenditures) of the operating income of a well from the McDaniel's report discounted at a 10% discount rate.

Commodity Price Assumptions

The table below summarizes the various price assumptions represented in this presentation. Prices in the Year End 2025 McDaniel Report are based on the Three Consultant Average Price Forecast at January 1, 2026. Additional details can be found in the Company's Annual Information Form.

Year	Three Consultant Average															
	YE 2024				YE 2025				May 6, 2026 Strip				\$75 WTI Constant			
	WTI (\$US/bbl)	Exchange Rate (\$US/\$CAN)	WCS (\$C/bbl)	AECO (\$C/mmbtu)	WTI (\$US/bbl)	Exchange Rate (\$US/\$CAN)	WCS (\$C/bbl)	AECO (\$C/mmbtu)	WTI (\$US/bbl)	Exchange Rate (\$US/\$CAN)	WCS (\$C/bbl)	AECO (\$C/mmbtu)	WTI (\$US/bbl)	Exchange Rate (\$US/\$CAN)	WCS (\$C/bbl)	AECO (\$C/mmbtu)
2026	74.48	0.728	84.27	3.73	59.92	0.728	65.13	3.00	85.38	0.733	96.58	2.03	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2027	75.81	0.743	83.81	3.85	65.10	0.737	70.43	3.30	71.93	0.743	76.62	2.41	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2028	77.66	0.743	85.70	3.93	70.28	0.740	76.90	3.49	69.28	0.749	73.18	2.66	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2029	79.22	0.743	87.45	4.01	71.93	0.740	78.71	3.58	67.33	0.753	70.14	2.84	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2030	80.80	0.743	89.25	4.09	73.37	0.740	80.29	3.65	65.48	0.758	67.29	2.85	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2031	82.42	0.743	91.04	4.17	74.84	0.740	81.90	3.72	66.79	0.758	68.64	2.91	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2032	84.06	0.743	92.85	4.26	76.34	0.740	83.53	3.80	68.13	0.758	70.01	2.97	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
2033	85.74	0.743	94.71	4.34	77.87	0.740	85.20	3.88	69.49	0.758	71.41	3.03	75.00	0.735	82.96	3.17
thereafter	+2%/yr	constant	+2%/yr	+2%/yr	+2%/yr	constant	+2%/yr	+2%/yr	+2%/yr	constant	+2%/yr	+2%/yr	constant	constant	constant	constant

Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories (continued)

Net Asset Value ("NAV")

NAV is calculated as total proved plus probable reserves as per the McDaniel Report, plus independently verified third party valuation of undeveloped lands, less net debt and the other provision at an undiscounted value. This measure is used to show the net asset value of the Company at a point in time under which the reserves are produced at forecasted future prices and costs.

Original Oil in Place ("OOIP")

OOIP is that quantity of petroleum that is estimated to originally exist in naturally occurring accumulations. It includes that quantity of petroleum that is estimated, as of a given date, to be contained in known accumulations, prior to production, plus those estimated quantities in accumulations yet to be discovered. A portion of the OOIP is considered undiscovered and there is no certainty that any portion of such undiscovered resources will be discovered. If discovered, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of such undiscovered resources. With respect to the portion of the OOIP that is considered discovered resources, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of such discovered resources. A significant portion of the estimated volumes of OOIP will never be recovered. OOIP disclosed herein was internally estimated by the Company. There is no certainty that the Company's OOIP estimates were prepared in accordance with the COGE Handbook. The estimates may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and therefore should not be used to make such comparisons.

Internal rate of return ("IRR")

IRR is a rate of return measure used to compare the profitability of an investment and represents the discount rate at which the net present value of costs equals the net present value of the benefits. The higher a project's IRR, the more desirable the project.

Rate of return ("ROR")

ROR is a rate of return measure used to compare the profitability of an investment and represents the discount rate at which the net present value of costs equals the net present value of the benefits. The higher the ROR, the more desirable the project.

Per Flowing barrel

Per flowing barrel is a metric used to estimate the value of assets acquired and is calculated by dividing the cost of acquired assets by the number of barrels it produces.

Payouts

Payout is calculated as the time at which a well or project's cumulative operating netback equals total capital expenditures. Before payout or "BPO" is the working interest before the point in time when the well has recovered from production all costs stated in the underlying farmout or arrangement. After payout or "APO" is the working interest after the point in time when the well has recovered from production all costs stated in the underlying farmout or arrangement.

Average capital efficiency

Capital efficiency is calculated as total capital to drill, complete, equip and tie in a well divided by bbl/d based on IP30 in \$/flowing bbl/d.

Recovery factor

Recovery factor is defined by as the estimated amount of hydrocarbons that can be produced from a reservoir relative to the original amount in place, expressed as a percentage.

FMV of Land

FMV of land means the fair market value of Rubellite's land with no reserves assigned as assessed by an independent third party, Seaton-Jordan & Associates Ltd., as at December 31, 2025 in a report dated January 26, 2026 (the "Seaton-Jordan Report"). No land value in the Seaton-Jordan Report is assigned where reserves have already been booked, even if the corresponding lease contains multiple prospective formations that have not yet been assigned reserves. Estimates of the value of Rubellite's acreage presented in the Seaton-Jordan Report was prepared in accordance with NI 51-101 5.9(1)(e) for purposes of the net asset value calculation and is based on past Crown land sale activity, adjusted for tenure and other considerations.

All land is shown net to Rubellite's working interest, which includes after payout working interest and 50% at Frog Lake based on Joint Economic Development ("JED") agreements.

Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories (continued)

Drilling Locations

This presentation discloses drilling locations in three categories: (i) booked locations, (ii) unbooked development / step-out delineation locations, and (iii) exploration / appraisal locations. Booked locations are proved and probable locations derived from an external evaluation (McDaniel Reports) using standard practices as prescribed in COGE Handbook and account for drilling locations that have associated proved and/or probable reserves, as applicable.

Unbooked locations are internal estimates based on Rubellite's prospective acreage and assumptions as to the number of wells that can be drilled per section based on industry practice and internal review. Unbooked locations do not have attributed reserves or resources (including contingent and prospective). Unbooked locations have been identified by management as an estimation of our multi-year drilling activities based on evaluation of applicable geologic, seismic, engineering, production and reserves information. Unbooked development and step-out delineation locations are located within the mapped outline of existing Clearwater, Waseca and GP zones where economic production has been established. Exploration and appraisal locations are those locations identified by management in areas considered prospective or with known resource, but lacking in commercial production history or Type Curves, and which require additional drilling and/or production history to be proven economic and should therefore be considered higher risk.

Of the 476 net heavy oil drilling development locations disclosed in this presentation, 101.6 net are proved and 53.6 net are probable undeveloped locations in the McDaniel Year-end 2025 Report. At Edson, there are 7.5 net proven natural gas locations and 4.4 net probable natural gas locations in the McDaniel Year-end 2025 Report. As of March 31, 2026, there are greater than 456 net exploration / appraisal locations targeting heavy and medium crude oil plays.

There is no certainty that the Company will drill all unbooked drilling locations and if drilled there is no certainty that such locations will result in additional oil and gas reserves, resources or production. The drilling locations on which the Company actually drills wells will ultimately depend upon the availability of capital, regulatory approvals, seasonal restrictions, oil prices, costs, actual drilling results, additional reservoir information that is obtained and other factors. While certain of the unbooked drilling locations have been de-risked by drilling existing wells in relative close proximity to such unbooked drilling locations, the majority of other unbooked drilling locations are farther away from existing wells where management has less information about the characteristics of the reservoir and therefore there is more uncertainty whether wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty that such wells will result in additional oil and gas reserves, resources or production.

Third Party Information

This presentation includes market, industry and economic data which was obtained from various publicly available sources and other sources believed by Rubellite to be true. Although Rubellite believes it to be reliable, it has not independently verified any of the data from third party sources referred to in this presentation or analyzed or verified the underlying reports relied upon or referred to by such sources or ascertained the underlying economic and other assumptions relied upon by such sources. Rubellite believes that its market, industry and economic data is accurate and that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable, but there can be no assurance as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. The accuracy and completeness of the market, industry and economic data used throughout this presentation are not guaranteed and Rubellite makes no representation as to the accuracy of such information.

Abbreviations

bbl	barrels
bbl/d	barrels per day
boe	barrels of oil equivalent
Mboe	thousand barrels of oil equivalent
MMboe	million barrels of oil equivalent
Mcf	thousand cubic feet
MMcf	million cubic feet
MMcf/d	million cubic feet per day
Bcf	billion cubic feet
WCS	Western Canadian Select
D,C,E&T	Drill, complete, equip and tie-in capital expenditures
FMV	Fair market value
TP	Total proved reserves in the McDaniel Report
TPP	Total proved plus probable reserves in the McDaniel Report
P+PDV	Locations in the proved plus probable developed category in the McDaniel Report
PD	Locations in the proved developed category in the McDaniel Report
PDP	Locations in the proved developed producing category in the McDaniel Report
PUD	Locations in the proved undeveloped category in the McDaniel Report

Advisories – Risk Management Contracts

Risk Management Contracts

"Hedge" or risk management contract positions by product, current to May 8, 2026, are as follows:

Commodity	Volumes Sold (bbl/d)	Term	Reference/Index	Contract Traded Bought/Sold	Average Price (\$/bbl)
Crude Oil	5,000 bbl/d	May 2026	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$67.51
Crude Oil	5,000 bbl/d	Jun 2026	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$66.96
Crude Oil	4,800 bbl/d	Jul 2026 - Sep 2026	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$66.19
Crude Oil	4,900 bbl/d	Oct 2026 - Dec 2026	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$68.11
Crude Oil	3,450 bbl/d	Jan 2027 - Dec 2027	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$70.72
Crude Oil	1,200 bbl/d	Jan 2028 - Dec 2028	WTI (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	\$70.00
Crude Oil	5,500 bbl/d	May 2026 - Jun 2026	WCS Differential (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	(\$12.44)
Crude Oil	4,800 bbl/d	Jul 2026 - Sep 2026	WCS Differential (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	(\$12.41)
Crude Oil	3,000 bbl/d	Oct 2026 - Dec 2026	WCS Differential (US\$/bbl)	Swap - sold	(\$13.18)

Commodity	Volumes Sold	Term	Reference/Index	Contract Traded Bought/Sold	Average Price (\$/GJ)
Natural gas	5,275 GJ/d	May 2026	AECO 5A (CAD\$/GJ)	Swap - sold	\$2.61
Natural gas	5,275 GJ/d	Jun 2026	AECO 5A (CAD\$/GJ)	Swap - sold	\$3.03
Natural gas	5,275 GJ/d	Jul 2026 - Oct 2026	NYMEX (US\$/GJ)	Swap - sold	\$3.89

Fixed Contract	Notional amount	Term	Price (CAD\$/US\$)
Average rate forward (CAD\$/US\$)	\$2,500,000 US\$/month	Apr - Dec 2026	1.4066
Average rate forward (CAD\$/US\$) ⁽¹⁾	\$5,000,000 US\$/month	Apr - Dec 2026	1.3890

(1) At expiry on December 31, 2026 if the calendar 2027 forward strip is above 1.3890 CAD\$/US\$, Rubellite knocks into a \$5.0 million US\$/month contract at 1.3890 CAD\$/US\$ for the 2027 calendar year.

Advisories – Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures

Throughout this presentation and in other materials disclosed by the Company, Rubellite employs certain measures to analyze financial performance, financial position and cash flow. These non-GAAP and other financial measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other entities. The non-GAAP and other financial measures should not be considered to be more meaningful than GAAP measures which are determined in accordance with IFRS, such as net income (loss), cash flow from operating activities, and cash flow from investing activities, as indicators of Rubellite's performance. See "*Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures*" in the March 31, 2026 MD&A for further information on the definition, calculation and reconciliation of these measures.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

"Enterprise value" is equal to net debt plus the market value/capitalization of issued equity and is used by management to analyze leverage. Enterprise value is calculated by multiplying the current shares outstanding by the market price and then adjusting it by net debt. The Company considers enterprise value as an important measure as it normalizes the market value of the Company's shares for its capital structure.

"Market capitalization" is calculated by multiplying the current shares outstanding by the market price. The Company considers market capitalization as an important measure as it is part of the calculation of enterprise value which normalizes the market value of the Company's shares for its capital structure. For this presentation it is calculated based on total common shares outstanding of 94.0 million as at May 8, 2026 and 10.6 million share awards outstanding (excluding 1.1 million legacy Perpetual awards that are settled outside of treasury) and a share price, as at May 6, 2026, of \$3.42 per share.

"Net debt" is calculated by adding borrowings under the credit facility and term loan debt less adjusted working capital. Adjusted working capital is calculated by adding cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and deposits and product inventory less accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Management considers net debt as an important measure in assessing the liquidity of the Company.

"Available liquidity" is defined as the borrowing limit under the Company's credit facility, plus any cash and cash equivalents, less any borrowings and letters of credit issued under the credit facility.

"Adjusted working capital" deficiency or surplus is calculated by adding cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and deposits and product inventory less accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

"Adjusted funds flow" is calculated based on net cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in non-cash working capital and expenditures on decommissioning obligations, other provisions and cash-settled share based compensation since the Company believes the timing of collection, payment or incurrence of these items is variable. Expenditures on decommissioning and share based compensation obligations may vary from period to period and are managed as expenditures through the corporate budgeting process which considers available adjusted funds flow. Management uses adjusted funds flow and adjusted funds flow per boe as key measures to assess the ability of the Company to generate the funds necessary to finance capital expenditures, expenditures on decommissioning obligations, expenditures on share based compensation and meet its financial obligations.

"Cash costs" is calculated as the total of net operating costs, transportation costs, general and administration costs (G&A) and cash finance expense divided by the Company's total sales oil production. Management considers cash costs as an important measure to evaluate the Company's efficiency and overall cost structure.

"Free funds flow" is calculated as adjusted funds flow generated during the period less total capital expenditures, excluding non-cash items and acquisitions and dispositions. Management uses certain industry benchmarks, such as free funds flow, to analyze financial and operating performance. Management believes that free funds flow provides a useful measure to determine the Company's ability to improve returns and manage long-term value.

"Capital expenditures", "Capital", "E&D Spending" are used to measure its capital investments compared to the Company's annual capital budgeted expenditures. Rubellite's capital budget excludes acquisition and disposition activities. Total capital expenditures includes exploration and development, land, geological and geophysical and corporate spending. Exploration and development spending is comprised of the non-GAAP measure total capital expenditures less land and other, geological and geophysical and corporate spending.

Non-GAAP Financial Ratios

"G&A (\$ per boe)" is comprised of G&A expense, as determined in accordance with IFRS, divided by the Company's total sales oil production.

"Operating netback per boe" is determined by deducting royalties, net operating expenses, and transportation costs from oil and natural gas revenue. Operating netback is also calculated on a per boe basis using total production sold in the period.

"Heavy oil operating netback per boe" is determined by deducting royalties, net operating expenses, and transportation costs on oil and natural gas revenue from the Heavy Oil Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") net of realized gains and losses from risk management contracts, as determined in accordance with IFRS, divided by the Company's Heavy Oil CGU total sales production, which includes conserved natural gas sales volumes.

"Operating costs" is comprised of net operating expense, as determined in accordance with IFRS, divided by the Company's total sales oil production.

"Transportation costs" is comprised of transportation expense, as determined in accordance with IFRS, divided by the Company's total sales oil production.

"Heavy oil wellhead differential" represents the differential the company receives for selling its heavy crude oil production relative to the Western Canadian Select reference price (CAD\$/bbl) prior to any price or risk management activities.

"Royalties (\$ per boe)" is comprised of royalties, as determined in accordance with IFRS, divided by the Company's total sales oil production.

"Heavy oil Production per share" is comprised of heavy oil production of the Heavy Oil CGU divided by the Company's total shares outstanding.